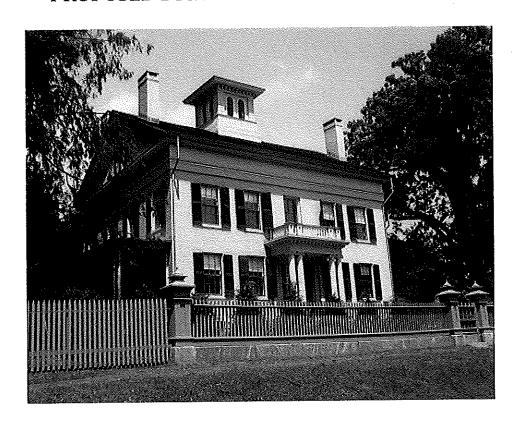
TOWN OF AMHERST

LOCAL HISTORIC DISTRICT STUDY COMMITTEE

PRELIMINARY STUDY REPORT

For the

PROPOSED DICKINSON HISTORIC DISTRICT



Submitted to the

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION

FEBRUARY 2012

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1. SUMMARY

In 2009 The Town of Amherst's Select Board appointed the following persons to serve as members of the Local Historic District Study Committee. At its first meeting the Committee elected its Chair and its Clerk.

The members of the Study Committee are:

- ~ Ernestine Sawicki, Realtor, Prudential Sawicki Real Estate
- ~ James Wald, History Professor, Hampshire College
- ~ Philip Shaver, President, Amherst Historical Society
- Wendy Kohler, Educational Consultant to the Emily Dickinson Museum, former member of the Amherst Planning Board
- ~ William Gillen, Committee Clerk, Architect, Property Owner in District
- ~ Lynda Faye, Preservation Planner
- Jerry Guidera, Committee Chair, Developer, Resident of District 446 Main Street
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The Staff Liaison is Nathaniel Malloy, Associate Planner, Planning Department, Town of Amherst, 4 Boltwood Ave., Amherst MA 01002 (413)259-3322

The expected date of a public hearing on this report is in April, 2012.

The expected date of vote by the Amherst Town Meeting is in May, 2012.

The number of properties included in the proposed local historic district is 39.

2. INTRODUCTION

Historic preservation has a long history in the Bay State. In 1960 the Commonwealth of Massachusetts adopted M.G.L. Chapter 40C, which authorizes cities and towns to create Local Historic Districts ("LHD" hereafter). Under that law the Amherst Select Board created a Local Historic District Study Committee ("LHDSC" hereafter). The task of the committee was to consider the merit of setting up an LHD, and if the outcome should be affirmative, then to develop a proposal, including boundaries for such a district, a draft Bylaw, and draft regulations for a Local Historic District Commission ("LHD Commission" hereafter).

Currently, there are nine National Historic Register Districts ("NHR Districts" hereafter) and six nationally landmarked properties in Amherst. These designations provide almost no practical protection when a landmark falls to the wrecking ball or when inappropriate as well as destructive modifications are made. While a demolition can be delayed a year by the Historical Commission, there is now no way to prevent the demolition of a historic building or inappropriate construction. The events of the Town's recent celebration of its 250th Anniversary served to focus public attention on the need for historic preservation in Amherst.

LHDs are thus the only reliable means of protecting publicly visible historic structures and landscapes of a town. The rules apply only to explicitly designated areas. Because a historic preservation bylaw imposes certain restrictions on what property owners can or cannot do, the initial adoption of such a bylaw requires action by the Select Board, a study committee consisting of local stakeholders, consultation with residents, approval by the Massachusetts Historical Commission ("MHC" hereafter), and, finally, approval by a two-thirds vote of Town Meeting.

An LHD is an effective and popular planning tool. There are already over 220 such districts in over 100 cities and towns across the Commonwealth, including our neighbors Belchertown, Granby and Northampton.

The 2005 Amherst Preservation Plan, which was funded by the Town, and which undergirds the Natural and Cultural Resources Chapter of the Master Plan, calls for historic overlay districts such as LHDs.

The 2010 Amherst Master Plan calls both for focusing development in village centers and for preserving the historic character of the town. LHDs provide enhanced protection for our most significant concentrations of historic resources. From the beginning the LHDSC has focused on the Dickinson NHR District (see Section 7: Map of Proposed District) to preserve the historic streetscape that includes intact 19th Century commercial, civic and residential structures. The neighborhood serves architecturally as a visual gateway to the Town and at its center lies the Emily Dickinson Museum, a magnet for cultural tourism.

An LHD subjects major exterior changes—demolition or significant modification of architectural features visible from a public way—to review by a locally appointed commission working according to locally developed standards. It does not interfere with existing zoning regulations.

It concerns only the appearance of property, not its use. It does not prevent owners from making changes to their properties. It does not require owners to restore their properties. It allows maintenance and minor repairs.

An LHD Commission means that the residents of the town determine what they wish to protect, and how. Thus, the public input process is essential. An LHD generally tends to stabilize and then to increase property values, compared with properties outside a district and also compared with the real estate market as a whole.

LHDs started in the United States in New Orleans in the 1930's and in Charleston, South Carolina. In Massachusetts the first LHDs were in Nantucket and Beacon Hill. Some 125 communities in the Commonwealth have established such districts, with 220 LHDs (larger than one property) statewide. Arlington and Hingham have seven LHDs. An individual district can cover large areas with multiple zoning districts (such as the entire island of Nantucket), or can be as small as one property, such as the 260 individual properties in Somerville, each in its own district.

3. METHODOLOGY

Acting under the Amherst Preservation Plan, the Amherst Historical Commission asked the Select Board to appoint a LHDSC.

When the Select Board appointed seven voting members to the LHDSC to serve three year terms, it followed the statute (Massachusetts General Laws, Chapter 40C) as to the composition of the committee. Voting members were to include, if possible, "a member from two nominees submitted by the local historical society or, in the absence thereof, by the Society for the Preservation of New England Antiquities, one member from two nominees submitted with the chapter of the American Institute of Architects covering the area, and one member from two nominees of the board of realtors, if any, covering that area." In addition the remaining two members are to represent "a variety of organizations whose interests and concerns reflect those of the community." In selecting members to appoint to the LHDSC, the Town contacted each such group for nominees.

The charge to the committee is:

The Amherst Local Historical District Study Committee established under the provision of Massachusetts General Law Chapter 40 shall make an investigation and report on the historic significance of the buildings, structures, features, sites, or surroundings to be included in such proposed local historical district or districts as the committee may recommend, and shall submit a final report with its recommendations after a public hearing, together with a map of the proposed district or districts and a draft of the bylaw to Town Meeting.

The Committee, once organized, shall meet with the Massachusetts Historical Commission (MHC) then and again periodically throughout the process. The MHC and the Planning Board review the preliminary report and the by-law draft before its submission to Town Meeting.

The LHDSC first met May 5, 2009, and the members began to familiarize themselves with the applicable statute and specimen documents created by the MHC, as well as with historical resources unique to Amherst. The LHDSC has met nearly thirty times over two years, and its agendas, minutes, and other informational material can be found on the Town's website (http://www.amherstma.gov/index.aspx?NID=1106).

After considering the nine NHR Districts, the LHDSC focused on the Dickinson NHR District (see Section 7: Map of Proposed District), which had been given national recognition in 1977. That area had been called the Oak Grove neighborhood in 1886, so it has been a well-defined neighborhood for a long time.

Much thought and discussion went into the idea of possibly enlarging the existing district to include properties to the south that are contemporaneous to the Dickinson era and had social connections to the family (See Appendix A). In September 2009 members of the LHDSC took a

walking tour of the Dickinson NHR District and nearby properties.

Later that year the members began to research and study a sample bylaw prepared by the MHC and also the Historic District bylaws adopted by other towns across the state.

Early in 2010 the LHDSC asked Jonathan Tucker, Amherst Planning Director, to research the histories of various buildings in the Dickinson Meadow to the south of the proposed district and how they each would meet some criteria of significance if they were added to the existing district. For a time the Committee favored enlarging the district.

On June 15, 2010 the LHDSC held a public forum at the Amherst Woman's Club, a prominent property within the Dickinson NHR District. Notice of the meeting was given to the 48 property owners of the 60 lots that comprise the Dickinson NHR District and the expanded properties to the south. Twenty five members of the public attended. The LHDSC responded to questions and elicited suggestions. Thirty of the owners later filled out and returned a two-page survey questionnaire. A majority of respondents supported preserving the character of the neighborhood and were willing to support new measures of protection.

The LHDSC has explained its work to the public as it progressed, including various local newspaper articles and talks to community groups from time to time. In research and interviews it has reached out to many of those who may be affected by the adoption of the proposed bylaw.

In the fall of 2010 the LHDSC began discussing the provisions of a draft bylaw for Amherst. Several members of the LDHSC shared a draft of the bylaw and discussed the proposal with the major property owner in the district. Various members of the public began attending the open meetings and offering comments. They asked the LHDSC to minimize complexity, avoid imposing un-necessary burdens on homeowners, keep any filing fees and other costs low, and shorten the times for processing applications. Numerous changes to the draft bylaw were proposed, discussed, edited and adopted at each meeting. The Historic District bylaws of other towns were also reviewed and considered.

The LHDSC went through a similar process with the draft Rules and Regulations for the proposed Dickinson Historic District, assigning as the homeowner's first point of contact the Town's Building Commissioner and ironing out procedures for handling applications. The LHDSC also studied the rules adopted by LHD Commissions in a number of other Massachusetts cities and towns, particularly, Springfield. The adoption and amendment of procedural Rules and Regulations will be the responsibility of the LHD Commission, once it is established.

Under the statute, an LHD Commission has power to issue three types of certificates, after considering the evidence: Certificates of Appropriateness, Certificates of Non-Applicability and Certificates of Hardship

To expedite appeals of the Amherst LHD Commission decisions, it was agreed to provide an alternative appellate route, as provided by the statute, namely to a hearing before a representative of the Pioneer Valley Planning Commission (PVPC). PVPC replied that it could provide a

skilled and knowledgeable preservationist to process such appeals.

The Committee made an effort to align its draft procedures with the rules and regulations of the Amherst Planning Board and Amherst Zoning Board of Appeals. The LHDSC recommended that the design review standards of the Amherst Design Review Board and various additional national design review standards be observed, and so it incorporated them by reference in the proposed Rules and Regulations.

Periodically the LHDSC sought advice from the MHC on specific questions. Also, members received the MHC's helpful local preservation update E-newsletters.

In March, 2011 two members of the LHDSC interviewed the Director of Development for the City of Northampton to learn how the Northampton LHD Commission has overseen the Elm Street Historic District since 1994, with particular attention to the role of municipal staff and how the shape of an LHD is determined.

Once an LHD Commission is established, it will be responsible for adopting design review standards for the LHD. The LHDSC has worked on possible standards but believes this responsibility will rest, ultimately, with the LHD Commission.

In other cities and towns LHDs have been adopted only after significant losses, either by demolitions or by insensitive modifications to existing structures. There is no way to predict when losses of architectural, historical and cultural resources will happen. What is certain is that there will be losses over time. See, for example, the 55-page illustrated book "Lost Amherst," published in 1990 by the Amherst Historical Commission (see Appendix B). An LHD Commission can help prevent such losses of cultural or architectural resources.

In order to preserve the structures that make Amherst a unique and desirable town, the LHDSC recommends unanimously that the proposed bylaw be adopted.

It is expected that the public hearing for the proposed Dickinson Historic District will be held in early April 2012. Prior to the public hearing, the LHDSC will continue public outreach and will continue with its public meetings, at which property owners of the district have consistently attended. The proposal will be brought to Amherst's Annual Town Meeting, with a vote likely to occur in May, 2012.

4. SIGNIFICANCE

After considering the nine NHR Districts, the LHDSC focused on the Dickinson NHR District, which had been given national recognition in 1977. In the future, the remaining NHR Districts could be considered for inclusion within the purview of the LHD Commission. Additional neighborhoods could also be considered.

For a concise explanation of the historical significance of the proposed Dickinson Historic District, see the attached Nomination Form from 1977 for the Dickinson NHR District (Appendix C). It describes the history and architecture of each building and how it contributes to the neighborhood.

The district is now not only an architectural district but a cultural district as well.

There have been some changes in the district over the last 35 years, but currently there are no known threats to any of the structures located in the proposed Dickinson Historic District. Conversely, the district has attracted resources. Since 1977, the minimal losses of architectural resources have been offset by the gains.

The most noteworthy changes to the district occurred shortly after its adoption and again in 2008. Using the NHR District nomination property sketch map as a reference, (see Appendix D), the following changes have taken place:

- Lot 29—at the time of the nomination, it was vacant. In 1978, the Amherst Housing Authority constructed affordable public housing, the Clark House, a six-story rectilinear brick building with a 30 car parking lot to the west of the building.
- Lot 26—the structure was moved to Lot 16 (Lot 19 on the photo index map, with a current address of 401-409 Main Street) ca. 1986. The Town's police station (number 29 on the photo index map) was constructed on the site in 1990
- Lot 25—the structure was demolished ca. 1989. The Town's police station (number 29 on the photo index map) was constructed on the site in 1990).
- Lot 18—the Dickinson Museum recently completed a landscape restoration plan that involved removing the overgrown hedgerow along Main Street and replacing it with a wooden picket fence and miniature hemlock trees.
- Lot D—at the time of nomination, it was a one-story brick building. In 1987 the roof was
 raised to accommodate a second story for apartments. In 1992 the exterior cladding
 changed from brick to clapboarded siding.
- Lot 16—a fire in 1983, destroyed the upper floors. Currently, it is a one-story brick and masonry structure that retains the same ground floor façade from the time of NHR nomination.
- Lot14—at the time of nomination it was a large, grandiose lot for the Henry Hills
 Mansion. In 2006 the property was subdivided into its current configuration of five
 frontage lots (3 along Gray Street #13, 14, 15 on photo index map, and 2 along Main
 Street #16 and 17 on photo index map). In 2008, three homes from other areas of
 Amherst were moved to the lots along Gray Street.

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Because many of the changes occurred within a few years of adopting the district—over 20 years ago—many residents have accepted them as part of the community. Even the most recent addition of three homes along Gray Street were well received because of the care taken in their restoration, and because a local historian, through a public art exhibit, showed that a considerable number of homes in the Town Center (including this neighborhood) have been moved and relocated over the course of the community's history. The historian noted that moving the homes was a historically appropriate method for their preservation.

The remaining changes in the district are minor in scale and are a result of the enhanced programs and cultural attractions in the district.

The Emily Dickinson House, "The Homestead" (MHC #445) and the William Austin Dickinson House, "The Evergreens" (MHC #448) are now administered by the Emily Dickinson Museum, which has its own board of trustees. Aiming to preserve the landscape as a young Emily Dickinson would have seen it, the Museum has removed the much overgrown tree hedge along Main Street and replaced it with hemlock evergreens behind a long low wooden picket fence.

The cultural significance of the district has intensified over the last thirty-five years due to world-wide interest in the poetry of Emily Dickinson and the active programming and educational activities sponsored by the Emily Dickinson Museum. An estimated 11,000 visitors tour the Museum each year.

The Hills Houses, two adjoining Italianate mansions, also have been landscaped to provide clear views to and from Main Street. The Leonard Hills House (MHC #443) is occupied by the Amherst Woman's Club and the Henry Hills House (MHC #442) awaits interior restoration.

Three 19th century vernacular Greek revival residences from other locations in Amherst have been moved onto lower Gray Street (see Section 7: Map of Proposed District). These houses (MHC #193, 522) have been rehabilitated to modern standards, painted white and are owner-occupied.

These improvements, plus the efforts of other property owners in the Dickinson NHR District, have led to a revitalization of the neighborhood. Many of the properties in the district are included within the Amherst Business Improvement District, which was recently adopted in 2011.

The Amherst Historical Commission published a 42-page color pamphlet in 2005 entitled "Guide to the Dickinson Historic District, Amherst, Massachusetts." (See Appendix E) This publication has served as the basis for walking tours and bicycle tours of the neighborhood, sponsored by the Amherst Historical Society, and it has broadened the appeal of the proposed Dickinson Historic District to tourists and residents alike.

The adoption of an LHD Commission would help preserve this neighborhood for years to come.

5. **JUSTIFICATION OF BOUNDARIES**

As explained above in the Methodology Section, the LHDSC considered at length several options for changing the boundaries of the proposed district.

There are a number of properties of significant historical and cultural importance outside of the proposed Dickinson Historic District, especially in relation to the Dickinson family's social and business relations. The LHDSC also spent time looking carefully at adjacent properties.

The LHDSC also considered the possibility of removing several properties from the 1977 boundaries, so as to decrease the size of the proposed district.

However, the LHDSC decided not to diminish or expand the boundaries of the 1977 Dickinson NHR District. It became apparent that the existing district has become a well established, internationally recognized cultural destination for scholars, students, tour groups and residents.

Once the LHD Commission is established, it may wish to adjust the boundaries of the proposed Dickinson Historic District and also may recommend additional districts, but for now the 1977 boundaries have been kept.

6. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE BYLAW

The proposed Bylaw follows the typical pattern for LHD Commissions across the State. There are to be seven members, selected from the same constituencies as those of the LHDSC, such as a realtor, an architect, a history person, a land-owner in the district, a developer, and an educator. They are to serve staggered three-year terms. The rules for public meetings are to apply.

As in many other towns, this proposal explicitly does not regulate paint colors, minor repairs, work not visible from the public way, and non-structural or temporary architectural features. The full list of exclusions can be found in Section 9 of the proposed bylaw. These exclusions were developed after much discussion and consideration of the bylaws of other towns and after input from the public, all so as to diminish any burden on homeowners.

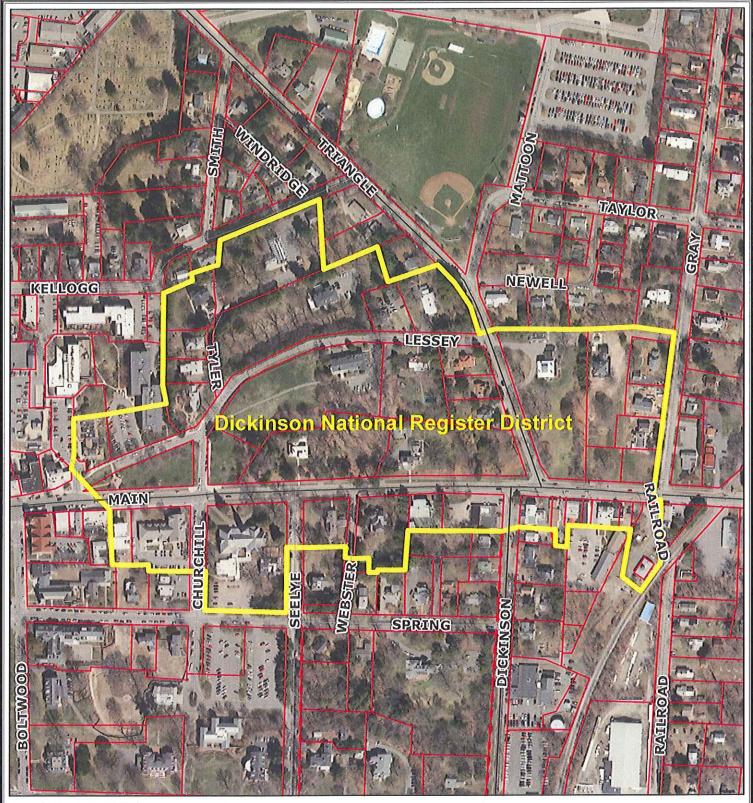
This report recommends that the homeowner's first contact be with the Town's Building Commissioner, not with the lay members of the LHD Commission. This recommendation follows the procedures of cities and larger towns comparable to Amherst that have had success in administering their local historic districts. The Building Commissioner will be empowered to grant routine approvals. When in doubt, the Building Commissioner is to refer an application to the LHD Commission for a quick hearing. The thought was to have a full-time experienced construction professional treat all the necessary permits needed for home improvement; an administrative function rather than a regulatory one.

If after a hearing the homeowner remains dissatisfied, the remedy is either to file suit in Superior Court or, more likely, seek a hearing before an officer of the Pioneer Valley Planning Commission.

The LHDSC has aimed to make the enforcement of the bylaw as simple and practical as possible.

The text of the proposed bylaw can be seen below in Section 9.

7.	MAP OF PROPOSED DICKINSON HISTORIC DISTRICT						
-							





Horizontal Datum: MA Stateplane Coordinate System, Zone 4151, Datum NAD83, Feet

Planimetric basemap features compiled at 1'=40' and 1'=100' scale from April, 1999 Aerial Photography. Aerial Photography. Aerial Photography. April, 2004. Parcels compiled through a "best-fit" methodology to match the basemap, revisions are ongoing. Property Lines are not for conveyance purposes.

The Town of Amherst and its mapping contractors assume no legal responsibility for the information contained herein.

Local Historic District Study Area

Legend

Local Historic District Study Area

Dickinson NHR District

Town of Amherst



www.amherstuna.gov

0 75 150

300 Feet

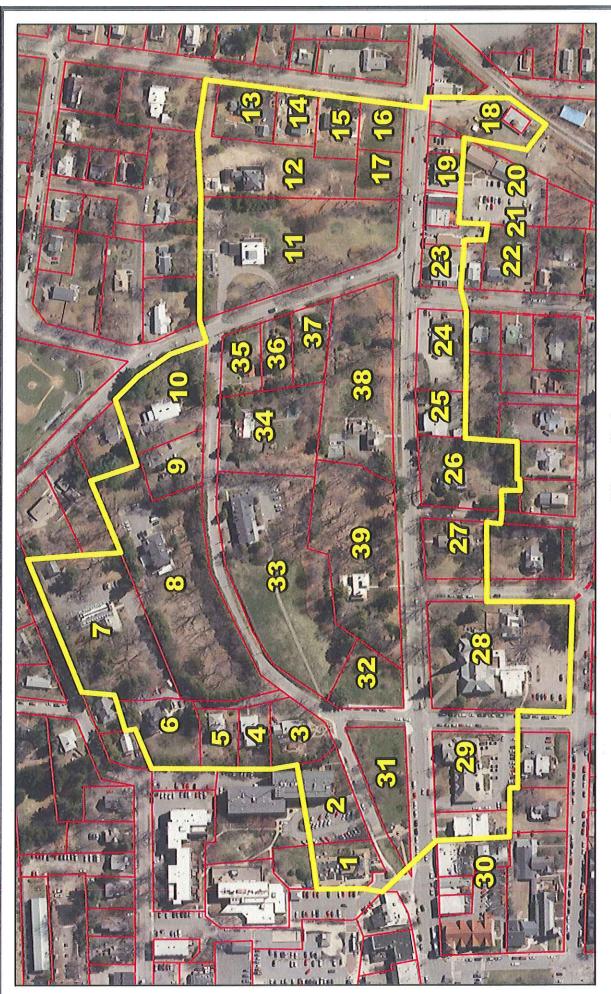
1 inch = 300 feet

Amherst Planning Dept. 02/17/2012

8.	PROPERTY	INDEX		
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Preliminary Study Report Property Index

Photo Index Number	MHC#	Dickinson NHR Property Sketch Map Number	Current Address	Date of Consturction	Historic Name of Property	Completed Inventory Form	Architectural Style
					Enos F. Cook House		
1	460	1	30 BOLTWOOD WALK	1867	(Webster House)	Yes	Gothic Revival/ Stick Style
2	NA	29	22 LESSEY ST	1978	Empty Lot from NHR	No	Brick/Masonry apartments
3	1013	A	38 LESSEY ST	1953	Enman, Norman House E.G. Field House	Yes Yes	1-story Ranch Cubical Italianate Cottage
4	462	2	10 TYLER PL	1875	Richardson, Mary Lincoln	162	Cunical Italianate Cottage
5	464	3	16 TYLER PL	1870	House	Yes	Mansard roof
	404	3	TO TILEN FL	1070	Tyler, William Seymour	103	Queen Anne/ modified
- 6	465	4	24 TYLER PL	1860	House	Yes	Jacobethan Revival in wood
	403		64 1 1 6 6 1 1 1 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1000	Delta Tau Delta - Kappa		
7	466	5	35 TYLER PL	1930	Theta Fraternity House	Yes	Georgian Revival
<u> </u>	100		33 (1221112		Delta Kappa Epsilon		
8	463	6	82 LESSEY ST	1914	Fraternity House	Yes	Georgian Revival
					Lessey, Chauncy -	1.10.00 <u>1</u> 0.00	High Victorian Italianate/
9	428	8	94 LESSEY ST	1870	Stockbridge, Levi House	Yes	Gothic Revival
		**************************************			Thompson, Edmund A.		
10	367	9	108 LESSEY ST	1877	House	Yes	Italianate Colonial Cottage
11	443	13	35 TRIANGLE ST	1864	Leonard M. Hills House	Yes	Italian Villa
12	442	14	38 GRAY ST	1862	Henry F. Hills House	Yes	Italianate/ Mansard
13	193	14	32 GRAY ST	1904	Chapin-Ward House	Yes	Colonial Revival
14	522	14	20 GRAY ST	1860	T. Potwine House	Yes	Greek Revival
					House moved from South East Street-Tuttle (Fort Hill)		Cape and Gabled Greek
15	NA	14	14 GRAY ST	1780	Farm	No	Revival
16	NA	14	GRAY ST	NA	Empty Lot	No	NA
17	NA	14	MAIN ST	NA	Empty Lot	No	NA
					Connecticut Valley Railroad		
18	453	15	13 RAILROAD ST	1853	Depot	Yes	Italianate
19	451	16	401-409 MAIN ST	1896	Marsh, Baxter House	Yes	Colonial Revival
20	1015	16	381-3 MAIN ST	1940	First National Bank	No	Italianate brick commercial
21	1015	16	373 MAIN ST	- 1864	First National Bank	No	Italianate brick commercial
							1-story, hollow reticulated
22	1017	<u> </u>	363 MAIN ST	1940	Whole Wheat Pizza Factory	No	concrete block commercial
23	1016	17	351 MAIN ST	1870	Apartments	No	3-story apartments
24	1018	D	319-321 MAIN ST	1930	Amherst Oil Company	No	1-story paneled brick Victorian Vernacular
25	444	19	285 MAIN ST	1890	Apartments	Yes	
26	446	20 21	257 MAIN ST	1860	Frank Kingman House Richard H. Mather House	Yes Yes	Gothic Revival/ Stick Style Greek Revival
27	447	2.1	229 MAIN ST	1863	Amherst First	162	Oreek Newson
					Congregational Church and		High Victorian Gothic, while
28	449, 516	24, 23	17 SEELYE ST	1867	Parsonage	Yes	parsonage is Gothic Revival
29	NA	25, 26	111 MAIN ST	1990	Police Station	No	Gable/Hip Masonry
30	452	27	99 MAIN ST	1910	Masonic Temple	Yes	Georgian Revival
31	902	28	LESSEY ST	1914	Sweetser Park	No	Olmsted Brothers design
		Town of					
32	902	Amherst	LESSEY ST	1914	Area east of Sweetser Park	No	Public Park
					Phi Gamma Delta (Luke Streetser House/ Oak Grove		·
33	461	7	81 LESSEY ST	1835	School)	Yes	brick Greek Revival
34	1012	В	85 LESSEY ST	1959	Footit, Barbara House	Yes	Stone Ranch
35	467	10	36 TRIANGLE ST	1903	David B. Elder House	Yes	Queen Anne
	1.7						Modified Shingle Style/
36	468	11	28 TRIANGLE ST	1925	Thomas Dillon House	Yes	Cottage
	·						Colonial (Jacobethan) Revival
37	469	12	20 TRIANGLE ST	1903	B.H. Williams House	Yes	w/ Queen Anne influence
38	445	18	280 MAIN ST	1813	Emily Dickinson House	Yes	Federal and Greek Revival
					Austin Dickinson House (The		
39	448	22	214 MAIN ST	1856	Evergreens)	Yes	Italian Villa and Colonial



Local Historic District Study Area Photo Index

Legend

Dickinson National Register District

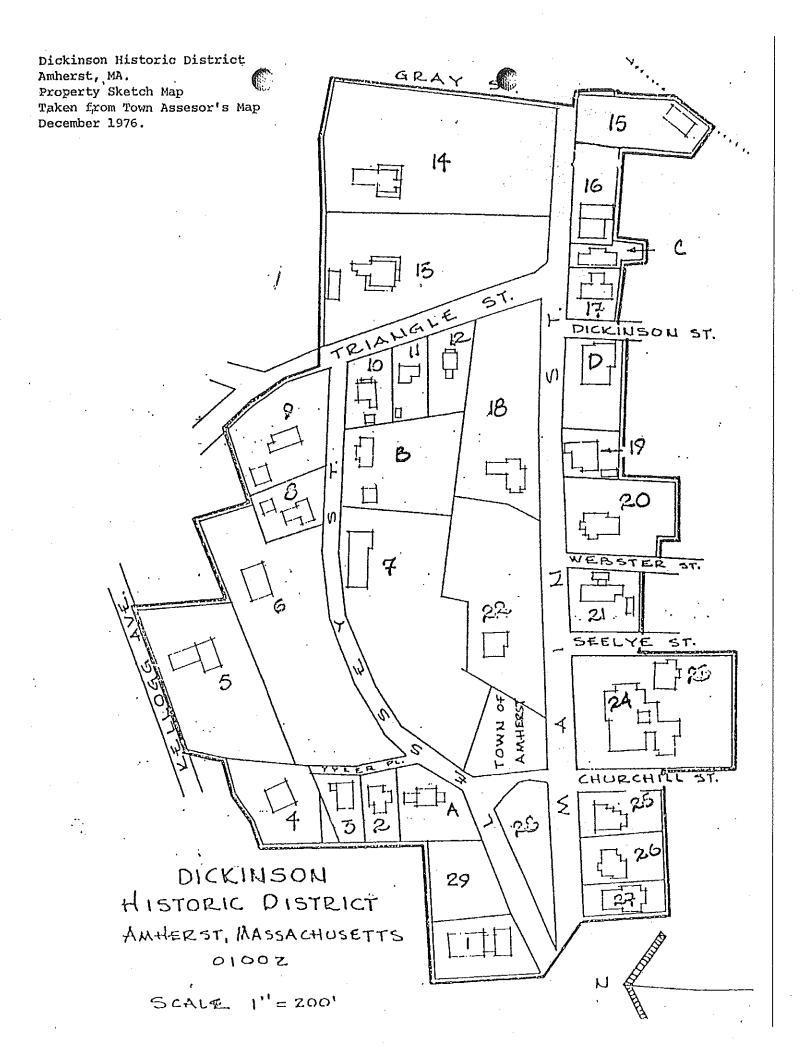
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Town of Amherst

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1 inch = 225 feet

Amherst Planning Department 02/15/2012



9. **DRAFT BYLAW**

DRAFT

AMHERST LOCAL HISTORIC DISTRICT COMMISSION

RULES AND REGULATIONS

1. GENERAL RULES; JURISDICTION

The Amherst Local Historic District Commission ("the Commission") shall be governed by the Local Historic District Bylaw of the Town of Amherst ("the Bylaw"), and by Chapter 40C of the General Laws of Massachusetts, as amended. The Town's jurisdiction in regard to the Local Historic District Bylaw shall be delineated on the official Local Historic District Map of the Town of Amherst, on file in the Amherst Planning Department office, the Hampshire County Registry of Deeds and at the Massachusetts Historical Commission.

Section 5.2 of the Bylaw authorizes the Commission to adopt and amend Rules and Regulations. In the event of any conflict between the Bylaw and these Rules and Regulations, the Bylaw shall govern.

2. MEETINGS OF THE COMMISSION: RECORDS

Regular Meetings of the Commission generally shall be held on the first and third Mondays of each month at 7:00 pm in Town Hall or at such other dates and times as the Commission shall determine hereafter. Notice of the date, time, and location of all meetings shall be posted in the Town Hall at least 48 hours prior to their scheduled time. A quorum of four members is required for the Commission to conduct any business and to vote on all matters.

Special Meetings of the Commission may be held at the call of the Chairperson or at the request of two members. Notice of Special Meetings shall be posted as above.

Cancellation of Meetings. If there is no Commission business to conduct, the Chair may dispense with a meeting by giving notice to all members and alternate members and by posting a notice of the cancellation in Town Hall.

Certificates shall be recorded with the Town Clerk within 60 days of the receipt of an application for a certificate. In addition copies of the Certificate will be sent to the property owner and placed in the Historical Commission's files. Copies of all Certificates of Appropriateness will be sent to the Building Commissioner.

3. CHANGES REQUIRING COMMISSION APPROVAL

3.1 Changes not requiring Commission approval.

The following types of exterior changes to properties in a historic district may be undertaken without applying for a certificate from the Commission. These changes ("the Exclusions") are listed in Section 9.1 of the Bylaw.

Also exempt are:

- flags and flagpoles.
- movable garden furniture, objects, ornaments, and play equipment.
- temporary signs, such as political and real estate signs.
- freestanding outdoor art or sculpture.
- handicap ramps, solar panels and satellite dishes not visible from a public way.

For any proposed changes not on the foregoing list or in Section 9.1 of the Bylaw, an application must be filed with the Amherst Building Commissioner before work can begin.

Before undertaking any work as to which there is any doubt as to the jurisdiction of the Commission, the owner or applicant should contact the Amherst Building Commissioner or a designated person in the Town Planning Department. Applicants may also contact the Commission by Email or through the Building Commissioner.

3.2 Changes Requiring Commission Approval

Most changes in the exterior appearance of a building or site located within a Local Historic District shall require Commission approval. The Commission has power to issue either: a Certificate of Non-applicability, a Certificate of Appropriateness, or a Certificate of Hardship.

- 3.2.1 Before any work begins, the Amherst Building Commissioner shall review each application. If said official determines that a given application is exempt under the Bylaw or is subject to categorical approval under Section 10 of the Bylaw, then the Amherst Building Commissioner shall, within 5 working days, issue a Certificate of Non-applicability on behalf of the Commission. All such actions by the Amherst Building Commissioner shall be reported to the Commission at its next meeting. Generally a Certificate of Non-applicability is required only for work that is both out the Commission's jurisdiction but which requires additional approvals from other town boards and departments.
- 3.2.2 Each application requiring Commission approval shall be upon a form to be designated by the Commission and accompanied by such plans, elevations, photographs, specifications, material and other information as may be deemed necessary by the Commission. Applications deemed incomplete will be returned to the applicant with requests for additional information and the date of the application shall be the date of the filing of a completed application. There are no filing fees for any application to the Commission.

3.3 Review and Hearing Procedures

The Commission shall consider applications in the order of their receipt. An applicant may appear in person or by agent at the Commission hearing. Review of an application at a public hearing shall generally be conducted according to the following procedure:

- 1. The Chairperson shall give a preliminary statement concerning the application.
- 2. The applicant or representative shall present the application.
- 3. Commission members may discuss the application, followed by comments from the public.
- 4. Commission members may ask clarifying questions after each speaker.
- 5. The Chair shall summarize the information, giving all parties a chance to make additional comments.

6. After the closing of the hearing, the Commission shall deliberate on the application, make findings of fact and vote on the application, or postpone further consideration until the next meeting, or request that the application be withdrawn or revised.

3.4. Site Visits

The purpose of a site visit is to view the site and its relation to the surrounding area. The Local Historic District Commission shall view all properties that come before it, unless a decision is made in advance by the Commission Chair that no site visit is needed. Applicants shall be notified of the site visit and should be prepared to meet with the Commission at the site.

3.5 Issuance of Certificates of Appropriateness

The Commission shall follow all the procedures for review of applications contained in Section 7 of the Bylaw. If a public hearing is required under Section 7.4 of the Bylaw, all the costs of notifying owners of all adjoining properties and other town officials and publishing public notices shall be paid by the applicant. Pursuant to Section 7.13 of the Bylaw, initial appeals from decisions of the Commission may be taken to an arbitrator designated by the Pioneer Valley Regional Planning Commission.

3.6 Duration of Certificates of Appropriateness

A Certificate of Appropriateness shall remain valid for work commenced within a period of one year from the date of its issuance. If at the end of the year the work has not been commenced and prosecuted with due diligence, the Certificate shall expire and be of no further effect. Before the date of expiration, however, the applicant may file a request for an extension of time. At its discretion, the Commission may grant, in writing, one or more extensions of the Certificate for periods not exceeding ninety days each. A new owner who wishes to continue the authorized work must apply to the Commission for a transfer of the Certificate to his or her name.

3.7 Guidelines for Decisions

In administering the Bylaw the Commission and the Building Commissioner may be guided by the current versions of such Town of Amherst documents as the Preservation Plan, the Master Plan, the Design Review Board Handbook, the Zoning Bylaw and any other land use Bylaws of the Town. As to all procedural matters not covered in these Rules and Regulations, those of the Zoning Bylaw shall apply.

As to the features of all buildings deemed by the Commission to be significant to the history of the Town of Amherst, the Commission may also be guided in part by various technical publications issued from time to time by Federal and State entities and other organizations concerned with rehabilitating historic buildings. These publications may include the Massachusetts Historical Commission's Preservation Planning Manual, the Massachusetts Historical Commission's Massachusetts State Historic Preservation Plan, the US Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation and Guidelines for Rehabilitating Historic Buildings, the National Park Service's Historic Buildings Preservation Briefs, and the US Department of Commerce's Preservation Tech Note

4. Enforcement and Penalties

The Commission shall have all the legal remedies available to it under Chapter 40C of the
General Laws of Massachusetts, including the remedies listed in Section 11 of the Bylaw.

	5. Amendment
	The date of adoption of these Rules is, 2012.
ameno	These Rules and Regulations of the Amherst Local Historic District Commission may be led by an affirmative vote of not less than four members of the Commission, provided that such ment shall have first been presented in writing at a meeting preceding that at which the vote is The Commission shall file a copy of any such amendments with the Town Clerk.

. .

Amherst Local Historic District Bylaw

The Town of Amherst hereby establishes a Local Historic District, to be administered by an Historic District Commission as provided for under Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 40C, as amended.

1. PURPOSE

The purpose of this bylaw is to aid in the preservation and protection of the distinctive characteristics and architecture of buildings and places significant in the history of the Town of Amherst, the maintenance and improvement of their settings and the encouragement of new building designs compatible with the existing architecture.

2. DEFINITIONS

The terms defined in this section shall be capitalized throughout this Bylaw. Where a defined term has not been capitalized, it is intended that the meaning of the term be the same as the meaning ascribed to it in this section unless another meaning is clearly intended by its context. As used in this Bylaw the following terms shall have the following meaning:

ALTERATION, TO ALTER

The act or the fact of rebuilding, reconstruction, restoration, replication, removal, demolition, and other similar activities.

BUILDING

A combination of materials forming a shelter for persons, animals or property.

CERTIFICATE

A Certificate of Appropriateness, a Certificate of Non-Applicability, or a Certificate of Hardship as set forth in this Bylaw.

COMMISSION

The Historic District Commission as established in this Bylaw.

CONSTRUCTION, TO CONSTRUCT

The act or the fact of building, erecting. installing, enlarging, moving and other similar activities.

DISPLAY AREA

The total surface area of a SIGN, including all lettering, wording, designs, symbols, background and frame, but not including any support structure or bracing incidental to the SIGN. The DISPLAY AREA of an individual letter SIGN or irregular shaped SIGN shall be the area of the smallest rectangle into

which the letters or shape will fit. Where SIGN faces are placed back to back and face in opposite directions, the DISPLAY AREA shall be defined as the area of one face of the SIGN.

DISTRICT

A Local Historic District as established in this Bylaw consisting of one or more DISTRICT areas.

EXTERIOR ARCHITECTURAL FEATURE

Such portion of the exterior of a BUILDING or STRUCTURE as is open to view from a public way or ways, including but not limited to architectural style and general arrangement and setting thereof, the kind and texture of exterior building materials, and the type and style of windows, doors, lights, signs and other appurtenant exterior fixtures.

PERSON AGGRIEVED

The applicant; an owner of adjoining property; an owner of property within the same DISTRICT area; an owner of property within 100 feet of said DISTRICT area; and any charitable corporation in which one of its purposes is the preservation of historic places, structures, BUILDINGS or districts.

SIGNS

Any symbol, design or device used to identify or advertise any place of business, product, activity or person.

STRUCTURE

A combination of materials other than a BUILDING, including but not limited to a SIGN, fence, wall, terrace, walk or driveway.

TEMPORARY STRUCTURE or BUILDING

A BUILDING not to be in existence for a period of more than two years. A STRUCTURE not to be in existence for a period of more than one year. The COMMISSION may further limit the time periods set forth herein as it deems appropriate.

3. DISTRICT

Each DISTRICT shall consist of one or more DISTRICT areas as listed in the Appendices of this Bylaw.

4. COMMISSION

4.1 Each DISTRICT shall be overseen by the COMMISSION consisting of seven members, to be appointed by the Select Board, two members initially to be appointed for one year, two for two years, and two for three years, and each successive appointment to be made for three years.

- 4.2 The COMMISSION shall include, if possible, one member from two nominees solicited from the Amherst Historical Society, one member from two nominees solicited from the chapter of the American Institute of Architects covering Amherst; one member from two nominees of the Board of Realtors covering Amherst; and one property owner from within each of the DISTRICT areas. If within thirty days after submission of a written request for nominees to any of the organizations herein named insufficient nominations have been made, the Select Board may proceed to make appointments as it desires.
- 4.3 The Select Board may appoint up to four alternate members to the COMMISSION. Each alternate member shall have the right to act and vote in the place of one regular member should such regular member be absent from a meeting or be unwilling or unable to act or vote. Said alternate members shall initially be appointed for terms of two or three years, and for three year terms thereafter.
- 4.4 Each member and alternate member shall continue to serve in office after the expiration date of his or her term until a successor is duly appointed.
- 4.5 Meetings of the COMMISSION shall be held at the call of the Chair, at the request of two members and in such other manner as the COMMISSION shall determine in its Rules and Regulations.
 - 4.6 Four members of the COMMISSION shall constitute a quorum.

5. COMMISSION POWERS AND DUTIES

- 5.1 The COMMISSION shall exercise its powers in administering and regulating the CONSTRUCTION and ALTERATION of any STRUCTURES or BUILDINGS within the DISTRICT as set forth under the procedures and criteria established in this Bylaw. In exercising its powers and duties hereunder, the COMMISSION shall pay due regard to the distinctive characteristics of each BUILDING, STRUCTURE and DISTRICT area.
- 5.2 The COMMISSION may adopt, and from time to time amend, reasonable Rules and Regulations not inconsistent with the provisions of this Bylaw or M.G.L. Chapter 40C, setting forth such forms and procedures as it deems desirable and necessary for the regulation of its affairs and the conduct of its business, including requirements for the contents and form of applications for CERTIFICATES, fees, hearing procedures and other matters. The COMMISSION shall file a copy of any such Rules and Regulations with the office of the Town Clerk.
- 5.3 The COMMISSION, after a public hearing duly posted and advertised at least 14 days in advance in a conspicuous place in Town Hall and in a newspaper of general circulation, may adopt and from time to time amend guidelines which set forth the designs for certain EXTERIOR ARCHITECTURAL FEATURES which are, in general, suitable for the issuance of a CERTIFICATE. No such design guidelines shall limit the right of an applicant for a CERTIFICATE to present other designs to the COMMISSION for approval.
- 5.4 The COMMISSION shall at the beginning of each fiscal year hold an organizational meeting and elect a Chair, a Vice Chair and Secretary, and file notice of such election with the office of the Town Clerk.
- 5.5 The COMMISSION shall keep a permanent record of its resolutions, transactions, decisions and

determinations and of the vote of each member participating therein.

- 5.6 The COMMISSION shall undertake educational efforts to explain to the public and property owners the merits and functions of a DISTRICT.
- 6. ALTERATIONS AND CONSTRUCTION PROHIBITED WITHOUT A CERTIFICATE
- 6.1 Except as this Bylaw provides, no BUILDING or STRUCTURE or part thereof within a DISTRICT shall be CONSTRUCTED or ALTERED in any way that affects the EXTERIOR ARCHITECTURAL FEATURES as visible from a public way, unless the COMMISSION shall first have issued a CERTIFICATE with respect to such CONSTRUCTION or ALTERATION.
- 6.2 No building permit for CONSTRUCTION of a BUILDING or STRUCTURE or for ALTERATION of an EXTERIOR ARCHITECTURAL FEATURE within a DISTRICT and no demolition permit for demolition or removal of a BUILDING or STRUCTURE within a DISTRICT shall be issued by the Town or any department thereof until a CERTIFICATE as required under this Bylaw has been issued by the COMMISSION.

7. PROCEDURES FOR REVIEW OF APPLICATIONS

- 7.1 Any person who desires to obtain a CERTIFICATE from the COMMISSION shall file with the COMMISSION an application for a CERTIFICATE of Appropriateness, of Non-Applicability or of Hardship, as the case may be. The application shall be accompanied by such plans, elevations, specifications, material and other information, including in the case of demolition or removal a statement of the proposed condition and appearance of the property thereafter, as may be reasonably deemed necessary by the COMMISSION to enable it to make a determination on the application.
- 7.2 The COMMISSION shall determine within fourteen (14) days of the filing of an application for a CERTIFICATE whether said application involves any EXTERIOR ARCHITECTURAL FEATURES which are within the jurisdiction of the COMMISSION.
- 7.3 If the COMMISSION determines that an application for a CERTIFICATE does not involve any EXTERIOR ARCHITECTURAL FEATURES, or involves an EXTERIOR ARCHITECTURAL FEATURE which is not subject to review by the COMMISSION under the provisions of this Bylaw, the COMMISSION shall forthwith issue a CERTIFICATE of Non-Applicability.
- 7.4 If the COMMISSION determines that such application involves any EXTERIOR ARCHITECTURAL FEATURE subject to review under this Bylaw, it shall hold a public hearing on the application, except as may otherwise be provided in this Bylaw. The COMMISSION shall hold such a public hearing within forty-five (45) days from the date of the filing of the application. At least fourteen (14) days before said public hearing, public notice shall be given by posting in a conspicuous place in Town Hall and in a newspaper of general circulation in Amherst. Such notice shall identify the time, place and purpose of the public hearing. Concurrently, a copy of said public notice shall be mailed to the applicant, to the owners of all adjoining properties and of other properties deemed by the COMMISSION to be materially affected thereby. all as they appear on the most recent applicable tax list, to the Planning Board, to any person filing a written request for notice of hearings, such request to be renewed yearly in December, and to such other persons as the COMMISSION shall deem entitled to

notice.

- 7.4.1 A public hearing on an application for a CERTIFICATE need not be held if such hearing is waived in writing by all persons entitled to notice thereof. In addition, a public hearing on an application for a CERTIFICATE may be waived by the COMMISSION if the COMMISSION determines that the EXTERIOR ARCHITECTURAL FEATURE involved, or its category, is so insubstantial in its effect on the DISTRICT that it may be reviewed by the COMMISSION without a public hearing. If the COMMISSION dispenses with a public hearing on an application for a CERTIFICATE, notice of such application shall be given to the owners of all adjoining property and of other property deemed by the COMMISSION to be materially affected thereby as above provided, and ten (10) days shall elapse after the mailing of such notice before the COMMISSION may act upon such application.
- 7.5 Within sixty (60) days after the filing of an application for a CERTIFICATE, or within such further time as the applicant may allow in writing, the COMMISSION shall issue a CERTIFICATE or a disapproval. In the case of a disapproval of an application for a CERTIFICATE, the COMMISSION shall set forth in its disapproval the reasons for such disapproval. The COMMISSION may include in its disapproval specific recommendations for changes in the applicant's proposal with respect to the appropriateness of design, arrangement, texture, material and similar features which, if made and filed with the COMMISSION in a subsequent application, would make the application acceptable to the COMMISSION.
- 7.6 The concurring vote of a majority of the members shall be required to issue a CERTIFICATE.
- 7.7 In issuing CERTIFICATES, the COMMISSION may, as it deems appropriate, impose certain conditions and limitations, and may require architectural or plan modifications consistent with the intent and purpose if this Bylaw.
- 7.8 If the COMMISSION determines that the CONSTRUCTION or ALTERATION for which an application for a CERTIFICATE of Appropriateness has been filed will be appropriate for or compatible with the preservation or protection of the DISTRICT, the COMMISSION shall issue a CERTIFICATE of Appropriateness.
- 7.9 If the CONSTRUCTION or ALTERATION for which an application for a CERTIFICATE of Appropriateness has been filed shall be determined to be inappropriate and therefore disapproved, or in the event of an application for a CERTIFICATE of Hardship, the COMMISSION shall determine whether, owing to conditions especially affecting the BUILDING or STRUCTURE involved, but not affecting the DISTRICT generally, failure to approve an application will involve a substantial hardship, financial or otherwise, to the applicant and whether such application may be approved without substantial detriment to the public welfare or to the district and without substantial derogation from the intent and purposes of this Bylaw. If the COMMISSION determines that owing to such conditions failure to approve an application will involve substantial hardship to the applicant and approval thereof may be made without such substantial detriment or derogation, the COMMISSION shall issue a CERTIFICATE of Hardship.
- 7.10 The COMMISSION shall send a copy of its CERTIFICATES and disapprovals to the applicant and shall file a copy of its CERTIFICATES and disapprovals with the office of the Town Clerk and the Building Commissioner. The date of issuance of a CERTIFICATE or disapproval shall be the date of the filing of a copy of such CERTIFICATE or disapproval with the office of the Town Clerk.

- 7.11 If the COMMISSION should fail to issue a CERTIFICATE or a disapproval within sixty (60) days of the filing of the application for a CERTIFICATE, or within such further time as the applicant may allow in writing, the COMMISSION shall thereupon issue a CERTIFICATE of Hardship Due to Failure to Act.
- 7.12 Each CERTIFICATE issued by the COMMISSION shall be dated and signed by its Chair or such other person designated by the COMMISSION to sign such CERTIFICATES on its behalf.
- 7.13 A PERSON AGGRIEVED by a determination of the COMMISSION may, within twenty (20) days of the issuance of a CERTIFICATE or disapproval, file a written request with the COMMISSION for a review by a person or persons of competence and experience in such matters, acting as arbitrator and designated by the regional planning agency. The finding of the person or persons making such review shall be filed with the Town Clerk within forty-five (45) days after the request, and shall be binding on the applicant and the COMMISSION, unless a further appeal is sought in the Superior Court as provided in Chapter 4OC, Section 12A. The filing of such further appeal shall occur within twenty (20) days after the finding of the arbitrator has been filed with the office of the Town Clerk.

8. CRITERIA FOR DETERMINATIONS

- 8.1 In deliberating on applications for CERTIFICATES, the COMMISSION shall consider, among other things, the historic and architectural value and significance of the site, BUILDING or STRUCTURE; the general design, proportions, detailing, mass, arrangement, texture, and material of the EXTERIOR ARCHITECTURAL FEATURES involved; and the relation of such EXTERIOR ARCHITECTURAL FEATURES to similar features of BUILDINGS and STRUCTURES in the surrounding area.
- 8.2 In the case of new CONSTRUCTION or additions to existing BUILDINGS or STRUCTURES, the COMMISSION shall consider the appropriateness of the scale, shape and proportions of the BUILDING or STRUCTURE both in relation to the land area upon which the BUILDING or STRUCTURE is situated and in relation to BUILDINGS and STRUCTURES in the vicinity. The COMMISSION may in appropriate cases impose dimensional and setback requirements in addition to those required by applicable statute or bylaw.
- 8.3 When ruling on applications for CERTIFICATES on solar energy systems as defined in Section IA of Chapter 40A, the COMMISSION shall consider the policy of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts to encourage the use of solar energy systems and to protect solar access.
- 8.4 The COMMISSION shall not consider interior arrangements or architectural features not subject to public view from a public way.

9. EXCLUSIONS

- 9.1 The COMMISSION shall exclude from its purview the following:
- 9.1.1 Temporary BUILDINGS, STRUCTURES or SIGNS subject, however, to conditions pertaining to the duration of existence and use, location, lighting, removal and similar matters as the COMMISSION

may reasonably specify.

- 9.1.2 Terraces, walks, driveways, sidewalks and similar STRUCTURES, provided that any such STRUCTURE is substantially at grade level.
- 9.1.3 Storm windows and doors, screen windows and doors, and window air conditioners.
- 9.1.4 The color of paint.
- 9.1.5 The color of materials used on roofs.
- 9.1.6 Signs of not more than two (2) square feet in DISPLAY AREA in-connection with use of a residence for a customary home occupation or for professional purposes, provided only one such sign is displayed in connection with each residence and if illuminated is illuminated only indirectly; and one sign in connection with the nonresidential use of each BUILDING or STRUCTURE which is not more than six (6) square feet in DISPLAY AREA, consists of letters painted on wood without symbol or trademark and if illuminated is illuminated indirectly.
- 9.1.7 The reconstruction, substantially similar in exterior design, of a BUILDING, STRUCTURE or EXTERIOR ARCHITECTURAL FEATURE damaged or destroyed by fire, storm or other disaster, provided such reconstruction is begun within one year thereafter and carried forward with due diligence.
- 9.2 Upon request the COMMISSION shall issue a CERTIFICATE of Non-Applicability with respect to CONSTRUCTION or ALTERATION in any category not subject to review by the COMMISSION in accordance with the above provisions.
- 9.3 Nothing in this Bylaw shall be construed to prevent the ordinary maintenance, repair or replacement of any EXTERIOR ARCHITECTURAL FEATURE within a DISTRICT which does not involve a change in design, material or the outward appearance thereof, nor to prevent landscaping with plants, trees or shrubs, nor construed to prevent the meeting of requirements certified by a duly authorized public officer to be necessary for public safety because of an unsafe or dangerous condition, nor construed to prevent any CONSTRUCTION or ALTERATION under a permit duly issued prior to the effective date of this Bylaw.

10. CATEGORICAL APPROVAL

The COMMISSION may determine from time to time after a public hearing, duly advertised and posted at least fourteen (14) days in advance in a conspicuous place in Town Hall and in a newspaper of general circulation in Amherst, that certain categories of EXTERIOR ARCHITECTURAL FEATURES, STRUCTURES or BUILDINGS under certain conditions may be CONSTRUCTED or ALTERED without review by the COMMISSION without causing substantial derogation from the intent and purpose of this Bylaw.

11. ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTIES

11.1 The COMMISSION shall determine whether a particular activity is in violation of this Bylaw or not, and the COMMISSION shall be charged with the enforcement of this Bylaw.

- 11.2 The COMMISSION, upon a written complaint of any resident of Amherst, or owner of property within Amherst, or upon its own initiative, shall institute any appropriate action or proceedings in the name of the Town of Amherst to prevent, correct, restrain or abate violation of this Bylaw. In the case where the COMMISSION is requested in writing to enforce this Bylaw against any person allegedly in violation of same and the COMMISSION declines to act, the COMMISSION shall notify, in writing, the party requesting such enforcement of any action or refusal to act and the reasons therefore, within twenty one (21) days of receipt of such request.
- 11.3 Whoever violates any of the provisions of this Bylaw shall be punishable by a fine of up to \$300.00 for each offense. Each day during any portion of which such violation continues to exist shall constitute a separate offense.
- 11.4 The COMMISSION may designate the Building Commissioner or other qualified staff of the Town of Amherst to act on its behalf and to enforce this Bylaw under the direction of the COMMISSION.

12. VALIDITY AND SEPARABILITY

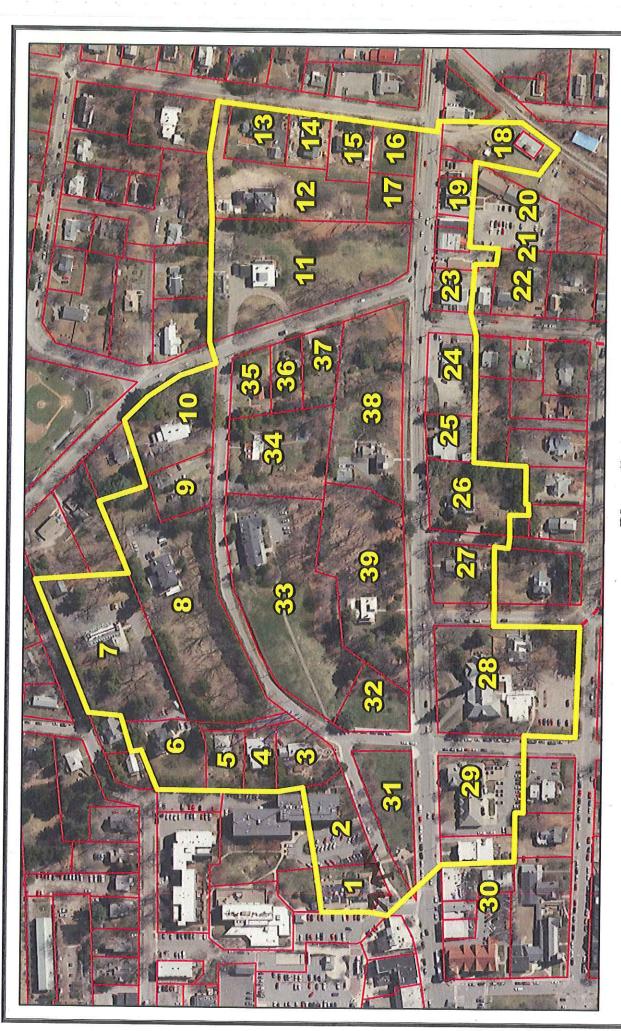
The provisions of this Bylaw shall be deemed to be separable. If any of its provisions, sections, subsections, sentences or clauses shall be held to be invalid or unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, the remainder of this Bylaw shall continue to be in full force and effect.

13. APPENDICES

Appendix 1: Dickinson Local Historic District

The Dickinson Local Historic District shall be a DISTRICT area under this Bylaw. The location and boundaries of the Dickinson Local Historic District are defined and shown on the Local Historic District Map of the Town of Amherst, Sheet 2010-1 which is a part of this Bylaw. Sheet 1 is based on the current land records used by the Town Assessor. The delineation of the DISTRICT area boundaries is based on the parcel boundaries shown therein, except as otherwise apparent on Sheet 1.

10.	INVENTORY FORMS and PHOTOGRAPHS	
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Local Historic District Study Area Photo Index

Legend

Dickinson National Register District

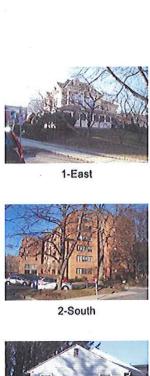
225 □Feet 1 inch = 225 feet 112.5



Town of Amherst

www.amherstna.gov

Amherst Planning Department 02/15/2012











1-Southeast

1-West











2-Southeast

2-Southwest

3-East

3-Northeast











3-South

4-East

4-South

5-East

5-South











5-Southa

6-Northwest

7a

7-North

7-Northa















7-Northeast

7-Northeasta

7-Northwest

7-South

7-Southwesta









9-Southeast



8-South

8-Southwest









10a-Northeast

10a-South

10-Northeast

10-South

10-South1



10-Southeast



10-Southwest1



10-Southwest2



11-South



11-Southeast



11-Southwest



11-Southwest1



11-West



12 and 17-South



12 and 17-Southwest



12, 16 and 15-South



12-Northeast



12-South1



12-West



13-East



13-Northeast



13-Southeast



14-East



14-East1



14-Northeast



14-Southeast



14-West



15 and 16-Southeast



15 and 17-Southwest



15-East



15-East1



15-Northeast



15-Southeast



15-West



16 and 17-East



17-Southeast



18-North



19-North



19-Northeast



19-Northwest



20 and 21-North



20 and 21-Northeast



20 and 21-Northwest



21-North



22 and 23-North



22 and 23-Northeast



22-North



22-West



23-North



23-Northwest



23-West



24-East



24-North



24-Northwest



24-Northwest1



25-East



25-North



25-Northeast



25-Northwest



26-North



26-Northeast



26-Northwest



26-Northwest1



26-Southwest



26-West



27-East (2)



27-East



27-North



27-Northeast



27-Southeast



28-East (2)



28-East



28-North



28-North1



28-Northeast











28-South 28-South1

28-South2











28-Southeast

28-Southwest

28-Southwest1

28-Southwest2











28-West

29-East

29-North

29-Northeast

29-Northwest











29-Northwest1

29-Southeast

29-Southeast1

30-North

30-Northeast











30-Northwest

31-East

31-Northwest

31-West

31-West1











32-Northwest

32-West

33-North (2)

33-North (3)

33-North











33-Northeast

33-Northwest

33-West (2)

33-West

34-North





39-Southeast



39-Southwest



3-Southeast

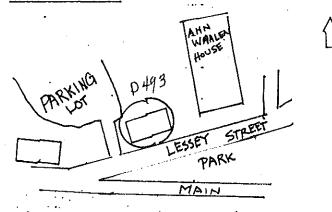
MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION 80 BOYLSTON STREET BOSTON, MA 02116

AREA	FORM	Ю.
	D493	

Photo (3"x3" or 3"x5", black and white) Indicate address of property on back of photo. Staple to left side of form.

Sketch Map: Draw map showing property's location in relation to nearest cross streets and/or geographical features. Indicate all buildings between inventoried property and nearest intersection(s).

Indicate north



UTM REFERENCE			
USGS QUADRANGLE		•	
SCALE	•	<u> </u>	

Town Amherst
Address 30 00 Boltwood walk
Historic Name
Use: Present Office space/restaurant
Original residential
DESCRIPTION
Datec. 1880
Source maps
Style Gothic Revival/Stick Style
ArchitectwoodenExterior Wall FabricClapboards
Outbuildings State
outbuildings
Major Alterations (with dates)
That of a brotis (state as des)
Condition good
Collai Cioli goda
Moved Date
Acreage less than one acre
Setting commercial/mixed
Pioneer Valley Recorded by Blanning Commission
Recorded by Planning Commission Amherst

Historical Commission

6/88

Organization

Date

NATIONAL REGISTE	R CRITERIA	STATEMENT	(if	applicable)
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ARCHITECTURAL SIGNIFICANCE Describe important architectural features and evaluate in terms of other buildings within the community.

This very large building with irregular pitched roof, paired front gables and recessed porch is one of the few extant large scale domestic buildings in Amherst Center. Similar in scale to #24 South Prospect, and #34 Spring Street, this features Gothic Revival dormer windows and bands of ornamental stickwork at second and third story lines. Cross stickwork over the windows and the porch frieze and balustrade are typical of the style.

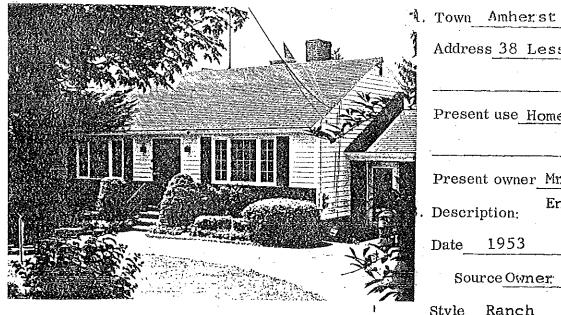
HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE Explain the role owners played in local or state history and how the building relates to the development of the community.

This house is shown on the 1886 Bird's Eye View of American built on land formerly owned by R. W. Lincoln. He sold it to Enos F. Cook who was in the stagecoach business: cook was also one of the founders of the Amherst Savings Bank in 1864 where he served as president for 39 years. He was one of the founders of Amherst Water company the Ornamental Tree Association and the Village Improvement Society.

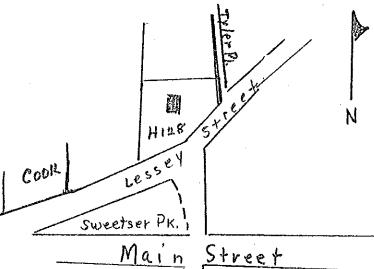
BIBLIOGRAPHY and/or REFERENCES Maps 1873, 1886 Amherst Records

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston

In Aṛea no.	Form no.
H	128



4. Map. Draw sketch of building location in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings. Indicate north.



Main Street

First
Congre.
Church

DO NOT WRITE USGS Quadrant_	IN	THIS	SPACE
MHC Photo no			

Address 38 Lessey Street Present use Home Present owner Mr. and Mrs. Norman Enman Description: Date 1953 Source Owner Style Ranch Architect Exterior wall fabric Clapboards and Outbuildings (describe)____ Other features____ Altered______Date___ Moved 5. Lot size: Less than one acre X Over one acre Approximate frontage 119 feet Approximate distance of building from street 25 feet

6. Recorded by A. Procopio

Date September, 1976

Amherst Historical Commission

(over)

H128

7.	Original owner (if known)	Mr. and Mrs. Norman	Enman
	Original use	Home	
	Subsequent uses (if any) and dat	æs	
8.	Themes (check as many as appl	icable)	
	Aboriginal Agricultural Architectural The Arts Commerce Communication Community development x	Conservation Education Exploration/ settlement Industry Military Political	Recreation Religion Science/ invention Social/ Humanitarian Transportation
€.	Historical Significance (include	explanation of themes chec	cked above)
	and owned by R. W. Lind This house is within a	ne property was origicoln.	inally called "Half Acre"
	Center Amherst.		

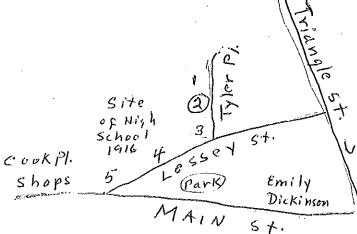
10. Bibliography and/or references (such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records, early maps, etc.)

Town map of 1873

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston



4. Map. Draw sketch of building location in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings. Indicate north.



- 1. Houso
- a. # 10 Tyler Place
- 3. House
- 4. Boltwood Project
- 5. Kane's Nursing Home

DO NOT USGS Qu		IN	THIS	SPACE
MHC Pho	oto no.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

In Area no.	Form no.
H	121

1.	Town Hmherst
	Address 10 Tyler Place
	E.G. Field House
٠.,	Present use Private dwelling
	Present owner Raymand D. Gozzi
3.	Description:
	Date <u>Ca. 18 75</u>
	Source BK. of Decols 339 p. 343, 18; Cubical Italian Cottage. Style Mid-19 Century Vernacular
	Architect
	Exterior wall fabric wood - clapboards
	Outbuildings (describe) wings built after house was built (in back
	Other features Lintels (word) over window
	Flat hip roof - three sections of grellwork under roof over front
ĺ	grellwork under no of over front with 4 windows - flat-roufed porch with 4
	Altered Date
١	Moved from Lessey st. Date 1915-16
5 .	Lot size:
	Less than one acre V Over one acre
	Approximate frontage 158.9 feet
	Approximate distance of building from street
	ca. 25 feet
6,	Recorded by Virginia O. Grahams
	Organization Cemherst Historical Commission
	Date 10/21/75

7. Original owner (if known) Probably Edwin G. Field 1.	
Original use Dwelling	
Subsequent uses (if any) and dates Dwelling	
8. Themes (check as many as applicable)	
Aboriginal Conservation Recreation Agricultural Education Religion Architectural Exploration/ Science/ The Arts settlement invention Commerce Industry Social/ Communication Military Humanitarian Community development Political Transportation	
9. Historical Significance (include explanation of themes checked above) The house was	
first built on property sold by Wm. S. Clark in 1870 to C. W	<i>!</i> .
Lessey, after whom Lessey Street was named. William S.	,
Clark was a calcrful Cimherst College professor, a founder of massachusett State College of agriculture, and an enthusiasts	<u>-</u>
supporter of the north's cause in the Civil War. * Lessey's de	ed
to Edwin G. Field (BK 310, p.50, apr. 8, 1874) refers to?	Lies
land but does not mention buildings. The sale of this	
land (about 1/4 acres) by Field to Stillman Kellogg aps. 1,1	8-79
(BK 358, p. 486)** includes buildings and a furnace. He	
B. Edwards acquired land and buildings through a	,
mortgage with amheust Sauings Bank (BK. 424, p.519,	1889)
and paid off the mortgage in 1915 (apr. 26 - BK711, p. 312). 1	
bought 'y acre east of his property called "Oak View	14
from Mary Lincoln Richardson (BK 711, p. 514), Jan 2, 1901) ,
and a Right-of-way (Tyler Place) was built when Edwar	dj.
moved the house described above to "Oak View" faces	کو
Tyler Place, ct, present location. In BK. 741, p.494, Edu	ard
 Bibliography and/or references (such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records, early maps, etc.) 	
refers to "Oak View as" the lot onto which I have moved	the
celebring in which I have celed many years and dee	del en
et to his son Charles H. Edevards (July 22, 1918), reserving	The
as # 2 Tyles place. Wm S. Clark, The original owner of ?	his
Rufus B. Lincoln, providing for a right of way (Tylus "Whenever a dwelling fronting easterly should be built" (BK 300, P) A Books on amherst's history: Drank Prentice Rand and Cappenter & Morehouse	CX X
* * Hampshie Registry of Deeds - Northampton, Mass. 3/73	

			-
(Attach photo here)	-		H 12/
FORM B - BUILDING SURVEY			
MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston		mherst	
1. Is this building historically significant to: Town Commonwealth Nation			r Place Gozzi
Building has historical connection with the following themes: (see also reverse side) Scholar Commerce/industry Agriculture Science/invention Art/Sculpture Travel/communication Education Military Affairs Government Religion/philosophy Literature Indians Music Other Development of town/city	Use: original Present of Open to proper to pro	vinal & present <u>Paymon</u> wher <u>Raymon</u> ublic <u>No</u> 875 Style <u>Paid</u> date <u>BK of Dec</u>	uvate dwelling nd D. Gozzi
Architectural reason for inventorying:		OR part of Area #	स्थार क्षाप्त इसके इंदर्ग क्षाप्ते क्षाप्ते क्षाप्ते क्षाप्ते क्षाप्ते क्षाप्ते क्षाप्ते क्षाप्ते क्षाप्ते क्षा
FOUNDATION/BASEMENT: High Regular Low WALL COVER: Wood Claphoard ROOF: Ridge Gambrel Flat Hip Mansard Tower Cupola Dormer windows Balust CHIMNEYS: 1 (2) 3 4 Center End Interpretation	Brick Stone (ade Grillwork	Other	ans one winder roof aborate
STORIES: 1(2)3 4 ATTACHMENTS: Win			
PORCHES: (1) 2 3 4		•	•
FACADE: Gable end: Front/side Ornament 1/2	rch has flo	+ 100p, 4 co	rlumns, xailing
Entrance: Side Front: Center/Side Details: _			
Windows: Spacing: Regular/Irregular Identical	Varied		
Corners: Plain Pilasters Quoins Cornerboard	3		
indicate location of building in relation to rearest cross streets and other buildings I is just off lessey St. Acing a frivate way alled Tyler Place	Property ha Recorder <u>b</u> For <u>Ambers</u>	ns 1589 feet fron 12 D. Grahar 18th Historica	ne Commission
	Photo #	Date	14/75

RELATION OF SURROUNDING TO STRUCTURE

- 1. Outbuildings >70nc
- 2. Landscape Features: Agriculture Open Wooded (Garden) Formal/Informal

 Predominant features & harped evergreens in Front; large old hemlock

 Landscape architect
- 3. Neighboring Structures
 Style: Colonial Federal Greek Revival Gothic Revival Italian Villa Lombard Rom,
 Venetian Gothic Mansard Richardsonian Modern

Use: Residential Commercial Religious Conditions: Excellent Good Fair Deteriorated

GIVE A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF HISTORIC IMPORTANCE OF SITE (Refer and elaborate on theme circled on front of form) The house was first huid in property

A old by Wm. S. Clark to C.W. Lessey, after whom Lessey

St. was named. Com. S. Clark was a colorpul college

Professor (Cf. Carpenter & Morehouse and Frank Prentice Rand

Lesoks on Comherst's history) who was an enthusiastic Civil Way figure Lessey's deed to Lawin Q. Field (BK 310, p. 50, Eps & 1874) refers to this land but does not mention buildings. The sale of this land (about 1'y acres) by Field to Stillman Kellogg on apr. 1, 1819 (BX 358, p. 486)* includes buildings and a Jurnace. Henry B. Edwards acquired land and huildings through a mortgage with anhers & Sacrings Bank (BK424, p.819, 1889) and paid My the martgage in 1915 (apr. 26 -BK 711, p-312). He hought in acre seast of his property called "Oak view" from many Loncoln Richardson, (BK 711, p. 514), and a right. BIBLIOGRAPHY AND/OR REFERENCE of-way (Tyler Place) was built when Edwards moned The house described above to "Oak vives" facing Tyles Place, its present Courses in BK. 741, 1. 494 Edwards refers to "Oak View" as "the lot onto which I have moved the dividing Original Owner: Parhalen Edwin G. Field

Original Owner: Facture of teld

Deed Information: Book Number 358 Page 486, Humpshore Registry of Deeds

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston



In Area no.	Form no.
200	129

• MAR • 7 6	1
4 Man Draw sketch of building location	

4. Map. Draw sketch of building location in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings. Indicate north.

41	JA 18 P. P.	Amherst College
Sweetser P	5 2 1	

DO NOT WRITE USGS Quadrant	IN	THIS	SPACE
MHC Photo no.			

. 1	. Town Amberst
	Address 16 Tyler Place
	Present useprivate dwelling
Q	Present ownerJohn H. and Werneth W. Noyes Description:
	Date_circa 1870
	Source Town map of 1886
	StyleRenovated
	Architect
	Exterior wall fabric Clapboards
	Outbuildings (describe)
	Other features Bay window and upper sunporch on south side
	Altered yes Date 1941
	MovedDate
5.	Lot size:
	Less than one acre x Over one acre
	Approximate frontage 100 feet
	Approximate distance of building from street
	10 feet
6,	Recorded by Virginia D. Grahame

Organization Historical Commission

May 3, 1976

(over)

7	Original owner (if known)	Mary Lincoln Richardson	
	Original use	Private Dwelling	
	Subsequent uses (if any) and da	tesnone	
8. Themes (check as many as applicab		licable)	
•	Aboriginal Agricultural Architectural x The Arts Commerce Communication Community development x	Conservation Recreation Education Religion Exploration/ Science/ settlement invention Industry Social/ Military Humanitarian Political Transportation	

9. Historical Significance (include explanation of themes checked above)

On December 15, 1869, R. W. Mather deeded to Rufus S. Lincoln by warranty deed all of his land on the north side of Lessey Street and "easterly of the homestead of H. B. Edwards." (Book 300, p. 33)

On Jan. 2, 1901, Rufus S. Lincoln granted to his daughter Mary Lincoln Richardson this same land, then called "Oak View" (Bk. 543,p.45) a part of which premises was granted by Carrie Richardson Babson, executor of Mary L. Richardson et als, to John Reid, husband of Mary Richardson Reid (book 784, p. 211). This deed refers to land and buildings later granted to Carrie R. Babson by Lincoln Reid of Ithaca January 31, 1951 (Book 1087, p. 178). In her will Carrie R. Babson, by her executor Lincoln Reid, grants this property to Joseph E. Gagnon June 7, 1956 (Book 1223, p. 232). Joseph E. Gagnon deeds this property to John H. Noyes and wife Werneth W. Noyes in 1959 (Book 1254, p. 258). In this title deed it is described as located "on westerly side of a leading way known as Tyler Place. See inventory on #10 Tyler Place owned by R. Gozzi and easterly along John M. Tyler's former land."

According to the present owner, Professor Noyes, 16 Tyler Place was remodeled in 1941. It was originally a three-story house with a mansard roof. The roof and third floor were removed and a peaked roof and sunporch added. He understands the house to be about 85 years old. It was built by 1886, for it appears clearly on an official map of that date, complete with the three stories and mansard roof.

10. Bibliography and/or references (such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records, early maps, etc.)

Registry of Deeds, Northampton, Mass. Map of Town of Amherst, 1886.

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House Boston



4. Map. Draw sketch of building location in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings. Indicate north.

N Swi	H130 College College Street
,	DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE USGS Quadrant
	MHC Photo no.

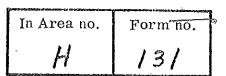
11188		
1900	In Area no.	Form no.
498)	 	130
		1165/

	. 498
1.	. Town Amherst
	Address 24 Tyler Place
	Present use Apartments
3.	Present owner Charles D. and Elizabeth Meakim Description:
	Date Circa 1860
	Source Registry of Deeds
	Style Modified Jacobethan Revival
	Architect
	Exterior wall fabric Clapboards
	Outbuildings (describe)
	Other features <u>Detailed panel between</u> first and second floor. Porch has details of rectangular openings above arches. Found in form as small windo over full windows on the front.
	Altered Date
	MovedDate
5,	Lot size:
	Less than one acre X Over one acre
	Approximate frontage 30 feet
٠	Approximate distance of building from street
	50 feet private way
6.	Recorded by Sylvia Torrey
	Organization Historical Commission
	Date May 1 1976

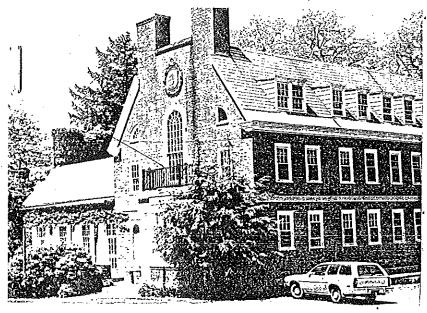
(over)

7.	Original owner (if known) William S. Tyler
•	Original use Residence
	Subsequent uses (if any) and dates
8.	Themes (check as many as applicable)
	Aboriginal Conservation Recreation Agricultural Education X Religion Architectural X Exploration/ Science/ The Arts settlement invention Commerce Industry Social/ Communication Military Humanitarian Community development Political Transportation
9.	Historical Significance (include explanation of themes checked above)
	Home of William Seymour Tyler (Sept. 2, 1810-1897) Distinguished Professor at Amherst CollegeGreek and Philosophy. Author of "History of Amherst College"1873. Graduated from Amherst College 1830. Taught at Amherst Academy 18301831. Original two acres of Homestead Land probably bought from William A. Dickinson Edward Dickinson Emily E. Dickinson Emily Dickinson
	DateApril 13, 1860 Registry of Deeds, Northampton, Mass.
-	
10.	Bibliography and/or-references (such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records, early maps, etc.)
	Registry of Deeds, Northampton, Mass. Assessors RecordsAmherst Town Hall "The Village of Light" Frank Prentice Rand "The Concecrated Eminence" Stanley King (Pub. 1952) Biographical Records Amherst College "Amherst Story of a New England College" Claude Fuess 1935

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston



Town Amhersrt



Address 35 Tyler Place Present use Fraternity of Amherst College Present owner Amherst College Description: 1930-32 Date Source Amherst College records Style Georgian Revival Architect J. D. Leland Exterior wall fabric Brick Outbuildings (describe)_____ Other features Balconied palladian window over front door, with ornamental stone shield above. Stone frieze between first and second story windows. Altered Date Moved Date 5. Lot size: Less than one acre Over one acre x 374,2'on Tyler Place Approximate frontage 336 feet on Kellogg Avenue Approximate distance of building from street 6. Recorded by Douglas C. Wilson Amherst Historical Commission Organization

Date May 4, 1976

4. Map. Draw sketch of building location in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings. Indicate horth.

Amherst College

Jeek Jeek	Lesse
γ,	DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE USGS Quadrant
	MHC Photo no.
,	

Tyler

N

7.	Original owner (if known) C	riginally Delta Tau D	elta	
-	Original use C	College fraternity		
	Subsequent uses (if any) and o	dates		
8.	Themes (check as many as ap	pplicable)		
	Aboriginal Agricultural Architectural The Arts Commerce Communication Community development	Conservation Education X Exploration/ settlement Industry Military Political	Recreation Religion Science/ invention Social/ Humanitarian Transportation	
9.	Historical Significance (include	de explanation of themes chec	cked above)	

This fraternity is located within a historic district originally called Center Amherst.

10. Bibliography and/or references (such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records, early maps, etc.)

Amherst College records

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston

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Landing to the part of the par	
-94-3	

4. Map. Draw sketch of building location in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings. Indicate north.

	Delta Kappa Epsilon
	FREET
NESSEY	

DO NOT WRITE USGS Quadrant	E IN THIS SPACE
MHC Photo no.	
and the state of the second of the second	

MAIN STREET	T
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(over)

In Area no.	For no.
	495

1	. Town Amherst, Mass.
	Address 82 Lessey ST.
	Delta Kappa Epsilon
	Present use Fraternity
	<u> </u>
	Present owner AmhersT College TrusTes
3	. Description:
	Date
	source AmhersT College Records
	Style GELRSIAN REVIVAL
	Architect Lionel Moses II
	Exterior wall fabric Brick masonry
	Outbuildings (describe) None
	Other features
. ;	Altered addition Date 1948
	MovedDate
5.	Lot size:
	Less than one acre Over one acre
	Approximate frontage 480 /
,	Approximate distance of building from street
	80 Peet
6.	Recorded by Sylvia Torrey
	Organization Amherst Historical Comin
	Date November, 1975

7. Original owner (if known) De 1 ta Kappa Epsilon
Original use Fraternity
Subsequent uses (if any) and dates
8. Themes (check as many as applicable)
Aboriginal Conservation Recreation Agricultural Education Religion Architectural Exploration/Science/ The Arts settlement invention Commerce Industry Social/ Communication Military Humanitarian Community development Political Transportation
9. Historical Significance (include explanation of themes checked above)
This twenty room house built in 1914 is a good example of Feorgian Revival Style architecture. It is very well main tained by Amherst College and a asset to the Town Of Amherst. The pediment over the entrance copies the typical Conn. Valley pediments of the early 18th century. Moses was in the office of Mckim, Mead & White for many years obit., Pencil Points, April 1931.
10. Bibliography and for references (such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records, early maps, etc.)
Amherst College Records - Town of Amherst
assessor's records

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston

In Area no.	Form no.
H	126

	• MAR • 16	•	
STATE OF THE STATE			

4. Map. Draw sketch of building location in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings. Indicate north.

LESSEY St.	thangle !
	7/5

DO NOT WRITE USGS Quadrant_	IN	THIS	SPA	CE —
MHC Photo no				

	Town Amherst		
	Address <u>94 Lessey St</u>	creet	
	Present use <u>Home</u>		
	Present owner Dr. Stuart Rose		
	Description:		
	Date Circa 1870		
	Source Registry of Deeds		
	Style Gothic revival		
	Architect C. W. Lessey	-builder	
	Exterior wall fabric Clapt	poards	
•	Outbuildings (describe) Ga		
·	Other features Front Porch and a smalle porch above on the second floor. Bay window on east side		
I House	Altered	Date	
Edward	Moved	Date	
5.	Lot size:		
	Less than one acre X Over one acre		
	Approximate frontage 140 feet		
	Approximate distance of building from street		
-	25 feet		
6.	Recorded by A. Procopi	O Commission	
	Organization Historic	.a. GORRELESSION	
	Date September, 1976.		

7.	Original owner (if known)	Chancey W. Lessey
	Original use	Home
	Subsequent uses (if any) and dat	es
8.	Themes (check as many as appl	icable)
	Aboriginal x Agricultural Architectural x The Arts Commerce Communication Community development x	Conservation Recreation Education X Religion Exploration/ Science/ settlement invention Industry Social/ Military Humanitarian Political Transportation
9.	Historical Significance (include	explanation of themes checked above)
	Massachusetts Agricultum Massachusetts) and serve Stockbridge served as se Massachusetts.	i Stockbridge who was one of the founders of ral College (currently known as University of ed as president of the college for two years. electman and a member of the General Court of ithin a historic district originally called
	Center Amherst.	
10.	Bibliography and/or references early maps, etc.)	(such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records,
	Cary, Harold Whiting-Ti	ampshire County, Northampton, Mass. ne University of Massachusetts-A History red Years - 1962 e Village of Amherst-aLandmark of Light - 1958

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston

In Area no. Form no.

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E TON	Region .	44.	Miles	W.							12		Town
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4. Map. Draw sketch of building location in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings. Indicate north.

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LESSEY	ST.	TI TO	\$

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE USGS Quadrant

MHC Photo no.

Town_	Amherst
Address	108 Lessey Street
Name_	Thompson House
Present	use Home
Present	owner Mr. and Mrs. Jack Wolf
Descrip	tion:
Date_1	877
Sourc	eMethodist Church records
Style	Italian Colonial Cottage
Architec	t ·
Exterior	wall fabric Wooden boards
Outbuild simi	ings (describe) Barn/garage

	Altered	Date
	Moved	Date
5.	Lot size:	

Other features Interior has parquet f:

in light anddark wood

One acre or less ____ Over one acre _X Approximate frontage _204 feet

Approximate distance of building from street

6. Recorded by A. Procopio
Amherst Historical Commission
Organization

Date January, 1976

50 feet

(over)

7.	Original owner (if known)	Edmund A. Thompson				
	Original use	Home				
	Subsequent uses (if any) and dates	Apartments				
8.	Themes (check as many as applica	able)				
	Aboriginal Agricultural Architectural The Arts Commerce Communication Community development	Conservation Recreation Education Religion Exploration/ Science/ settlement. invention Industry Social/ Military humanitarian Political Transportation				
9.	Historical significance (include ex	eplanation of themes checked above)				
	off for student rooms i	ned structure. Atthough it was partitio in the 1950s, the interior has been rest iginal wallpaper and wood work is existi	ored			
		The house in style is similar to the Leonard M. Hills house located across Triangle Street.				
	Located in a historical	1 19th century area where houses were of				

Architect believed to be William Denno Pratt who designed the Leonard M. Hills and the Henry F. Hills houses.

10. Bibliography and/or references (such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records, early maps, etc.)

Registry of Deeds Present owners Map of Amherst, Mass., 1873 Wesley Methodist Church records

substantial size.

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston

In Area no.	Form no.
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	wn Amherst
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	dress 360 M
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	resent owner A
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	escription:
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R	ate 1864
and the state of t	
	Source Amhe:
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Tyle Italian '

dress 360 Main Street meHills Memorial Clubhouse resent use Clubhouse resent owner Amherst Woman's Club

35 Triangle Street or

escription:

5. Lot size:

Source Amherst Woman's Club record:

Style Italian Villa

4.	Map. Draw ske	tch of building location
	in relation to ne	arest cross streets and
	other buildings.	

EMILY HOUSE STAR	BARN HILE MEMORIAL CLU DHOSE	Hen by Hen by	GRAY STAGET
MAIN	STREE	7	•

Architect William F. F	ratt
Exterior wall fabric Flat	board
Outbuildings (describe) Ba	ırn
Other features	
	,
Altered	Date
Moved	Date

One acre or less · · · Over one acre X Approximate frontage .96.4 feet-Main St. Approximate distance of building from street 200 feet from Main Street

6.	Recorded by A. Proce	opio
	OrganizationAmherst	HistoricalCommission
	Date June, 1973	•

DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE USGS Quadrant MHC Photo no.

7.	Original owner (if known) Leonard M. Hills	
	Original use Residance	
	Subsequent uses (if any) and dates	
^		
8.	Themes (check as many as applicable)	
	Aboriginal Conservation Recreation Agricultural Education X Religion Architectural X Exploration/ Science/ The Arts settlement invention Commerce Industry X Social/ Communication Military humanitarian Community development X Political Transportation	
9.	9. Historical significance (include explanation of themes checked above) The Hills Memorial Clubhouse represents 19th century living in grand style. Leonard M. Hills, the original owner and builder, came to Amherst in 1829 to enter into business enterprises. His most successful venture was the manufacture of hats made of palm leawes. Hills Hat Company paid out over a million dollars in wages to the Amherst community and the Hills made several thousands of dollars over a period of 50 years. During the middle of the nineteenth century Massachusetts was the only state in the Union which made palm-leaf hats and the Hills factory was the largest producer in the state. The hat factory had made shaker hoods and cloth hats worn under metal helmets in World War I. Leonard M. Hills was the first president of the First National Bank of Amherst. Through the influence of Leonard M. Hills and his son, Henry, the Massachusetts Agricultural College (now the University of Massachusetts) was located in Amherst, Both L. M. Hills and his son, Henry, contributed \$10,000 toward the erection of Durfee Plant House at the college and established funds for the Hills Botanical prizes at the	
10.	College, now the University. Space limits further listings of L. M. Hills' contribution to the community. The house was left to the Amherst Woman's Club in 1923 by the daughter-in-law of L. M. Hills. This property and house and that of Henry F. Hills located on the east side of L. M. Hills house are the only tangible things which Amherst has of these two families who contributed so much to the history of the Town and the Commonwealth. Bibliography and/or references (such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records, early maps, etc.) Hills folder at Jones Library, Amherst, Massachusetts Amherst Woman's Club records Carpenter and Morehouse "History of Amherst, Massachusetts" 1731-1896 Rand, Frank Prentice "The Village of Amherst - A Landmark of Lights" 1958 Snook, Richard W. "The L. M. Hills House" December 1972 Smith, Timothy Y. "The Hills Houses in Amherst" December 1972	

(Attach photo here)

(Attach photo here)	1 1 1 1
FORM B - BUILDING SURVEY	1.65
MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION 2. Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston	Town Amherst 35 Triangle Street or Street address 350 Triangle Street
1. Is this building historically significant to: Town Commonwealth Nation	Name Hills Memorial Clubhouse O/ home
Building has historical connection with the following themes: (see also reverse side)	Use: original & present p/ clubhouse
Scholar Commerce/industry Agriculture Science/invention Art/Sculpture Travel/communication Education Military Affairs Government Religion/philosophy Literature Indians Music Other Development of town/city	Open to public No (only for rental) Date 1864 Style Italian Villa Source of date Amherst Woman's Club record Architect William F. Pratt
Architectural reason for inventorying:	ene legi 600 José (nei José (nei jeut peù peù exis (en) 100 José (nei ens keu) José (nei jeut 615 enn 615 keu)
	OR part of Area #
3. CONDITION Excellent Good Fair Deteriorated	d Moved Altered Added
WALL COVER: Wood <u>flat board</u> B ROOF: Ridge Gambrel Flat Hip Mansard Tower Cupola Dormer windows Balustrac	
CHIMNEYS: 1 2 3 4 5 Center End Inter	ior Irregular Cluster Elaborate
STORIES: 123 4 ATTACHMENTS: Wings	Ell Shed
PORCHES: 1 2(3)4	PORTICOBalcony
FACADE: Gable end: Front/side Ornament	
Entrance: Side Front: Center/Side Details:	
Windows: Spacing: Regular Irregular Identical V	aried
Corners: Plain Pilasters Quoins Cornerboards	
PH HENRYF, B. R.	Footage of structure from street 200 feet from Property has 95.4 feet frontage on street Main ecorder A. Procopio
DIEMINSH ST. HILLS ST. FOR HOUSE P.	or Amherst Historical Commission
MAIN ST.	hoto # M9 68.66 Date June, 1973

RELATION OF SURROUNDING TO STRUCTURE 1. Outbuildings Barn - the original 2. Landscape Features: Agriculture Open Wooded Garden: Formal/Informal Predominant features Large trees- specimen Fern-leaf beach magnolia decreeds Landscape architect 3. Neighboring Structures Style: Colonial Federal Greek Revival Gothic Revival Italian Villa Lombard Rom, Venetian Gothic (Mansard) Richardsonian Modern Use: Residential/Commercial) Religious Conditions: Excellent (Good Fair Deteriorated GIVE A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF HISTORIC IMPORTANCE OF SITE (Refer and elaborate on theme circled on front of form) The Hills Memorial Clubhouse represents 19th century living in grand style. Leonard M. Hills, the original owner and builder, came to Amberst in 1829 to enter into business enterprises. His most successful venture was the manufacture of hats made of palm leaves. Hills Hat Company paid out over a million dollars in wages to the Amherst community and the Hills made several thousands of dollars over a period of 50 years. During the middle of the nineteenth century Massachusetts was the only state in the Union which made palm-leaf hats and the Hills factory was the largest producer in the state. The hat factory had made shaker hoods and cloth hats worn under metal helmets in World War I. Leonard M. Hills was the first president of the First Wational Bank of Amberst Through the influence of Leonard M. Hills and his son, Henry, the Mass. Agricultural College (now the University of Massachusetts) was located in Amherst. Both L. M. Hills and his son, Henry, contributed \$10,000 toward the exection of Durfee Plant House at the college and established funds for the Hills Botanical prizes at the college, now the University. Space limits further listings of L. M. Hills' contribution to the community. The house was left to the Amherst Woman's Club in 1923 by the daughter-in-law BIBLMOGRAPHY AND OR REFERENCE - of L. M. Hills. This property and house and that of Henry F. Hills located on the east side of L. M. Hills house are the only tangible things which Amherst has of these two families who contributed so much to the history of the town and the commonwealth. BIBLIOGRAPHY AND/OR REVERENCE Hills folder at Jones Library, Amherst, Mass. Amherst Woman's Club records Carpenter and Morehouse "Mistory of Amherst, Massachusetts" 1731-1896. Rand, Frank Frentice "The Village of Amherst - A Landmark of Light@ 1958. Snook, Richard W. "The L. M. Hills House" December 1972. Smith, Timothy Y. "The Hills Houses in Amherst" December 1972., RESTRICTIONS ___

_____Registry of Deeds

Deed Information: Book Number_____ Page_

Original Owner:_

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston

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4. Map. Draw sketch of building location in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings. Indicate north.

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JE TELL			15.
1/2	HILLS MEMORIAL CLUB HOUSE!	HENRY HILLS Skillings House	REET
	MAIN	STREFT	ē

DO NOT WRITE USGS Quadrant	IN THIS SPACE
٠,	·
MHC Photo no.	

In Area no.	Form no.
H	100

1.	. Town Amherst	
	Address 390 Main Street	
	Skillings House - 20 Centur Name Herry Hills House	一 第
	Present use Home	
	I Tobolit abo Hollie	
*	H. P. Cummings Construct Present owner Company	- etic
3.	Description:	
	Date 1862.**	
	Daily, Hampshire Gazette 12/26 SourceAmherst Woman's Club recor	
	Style Mansard	
	Architect William F. Pratt	· ·
	Exterior wall fabric Flat boards	
	Outbuildings (describe)	ě.
	Other features	
		•
		,
	AlteredDate	•
	Moved Date	. 18
ō.	Lot size:	·
	One acre or less Over one acre X	
	Approximate frontage 220.9 feet	•
	Approximate distance of building from street	;
•	350 feet	` مر.
3	Recorded by A. Procopio	
	Amherst Historical Commission Organization	
	Date June, 1973	
	4	•

* Purchased by Amherst Boys Club May 1976 (restoring)

7	. Original owner (if known) Henry F. Hills
	Original use Home
	Subsequent uses (if any) and dates
8	. Themes (check as many as applicable)
	Aboriginal Conservation Recreation Agricultural Education X Religion Architectural X Exploration/ Science/ The Arts settlement invention Commerce Industry X Social/ Communication Military humanitarian Community development X Political Transportation
9	Historical significance (include explanation of themes checked above) This house built and owned by Henry F. Hills is a twin house to the Leonard M. Hills house located on the west side. These two houses represent living in a grand style in the middle of the 19th century and are typical victorian with French and Italian influence. Henry F. Hills, the son of Leoanrd M. Hills, entered his father's business of hat manufacturing in 1852 under the firm name of Hills and Son. He became president of the firm when it was incorporated in 1877. The hat firm paid out over a million dollars in wages to Amherst community. The firm made hats of palm leaves imported from Cuba as well as shaker hoods and cloth hats worn under metal helmets in World War I. During the 19th century, Massachusetts was the only state in the Union which made palm-leaf hats and the Hills factory was the largest producer. Henry F. Hills was involved in orgalnizing other business firms in the community, was president of the Amherst Water Company and a director of the Massachusetts Central Railway Company. He bought the land for the Wildwood Cenetery and later gave it to the town. He was influential in obtaining money to establish the Massachusetts Agricultural College (now the University of Massachusetts) and contributed with his father \$10,000 toward the erection of Durfee plant house at the college and established funds for the Hills Botanical prizes at the college.
•	The properties of Henry F. Hills and Leonard M. Hills are the only tangible things which Amherst has of these two families who contributed so much to the history of the Town and the Commonwealth. The Henry F. Hills house was owned by members of the family until 1969.
.o [†] .	Bibliography and/or references (such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records, early maps, etc.)
•	Hills folder at Jones Library, Amherst, Massachusetts Carpenter and Morehouse "History of Amherst, Massachusetts" 1731-1896 Rand, Frank Prentice "The Village of Amherst - A Landmark of Light" 1958 Souiliere, Laura E. "Henry F. Hills House" January 17, 1972 unpublished

NOTE: THIS HOUSE MAY BE THREATENED IN THE NEAR FUTURE.

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION 80 BOYLSTON STREET BOSTON, MA 02116

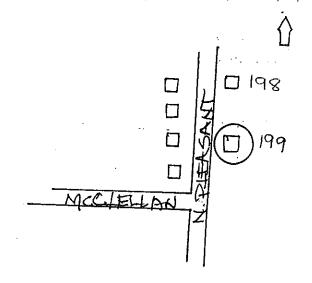
AREA	FORM	ю.
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Photo (3"x3" or 3"x5", black and white) Indicate address of property on back of photo. Staple to left side of form.

19.17

Sketch Map: Draw map showing property's location in relation to nearest cross streets and/or geographical features. Indicate all buildings between inventoried property and nearest intersection(s).

Indicate north



UTIM REFERENCE	
uscs quadrangle	
SCALE	•

Town	Amherst
Address	291 North Pleasant Street
Histori	lo Name
Use: I	Present residence
	riginal residence
DESCRIE	
Date _	c. 1900
Source	maps
Style	Colonial Revival
Archite	Rosewell Field Putnam
	or Wall Fabric wooden clapboards
Cutbuil	
Major A	Alterations (with dates)
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Conditi	on good
CONTILL	
Moved	Date
_	
Acreage	
Setting	residential
Recorde	Pioneer Valley ad by Planning Commission
	Amherst

Organization Historical Commission
6/88

NATIONAL REGISTER CRITERIA STATEMENT (if applicable)

ARCHITECTURAL SIGNIFICANCE Describe important architectural features and evaluate in terms of other buildings within the community.

This house, with its pitch-on-hip roof, is unique in Amherst. Originally a square plan Colonial Revival with a hipped roof, the facade features 12/1 windows, cornice dentils and a cantilevered side bay. The paired entrance windows contian diamond leading. The style is common on Lincoln Avenue however, this is built on a smaller scale. It was comfortable, spacious housing c.1880.

HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE—Explain the role owners played in local or state history and how the relation building relates to the development of the community.

This house appeared on the 1886 Bird's Eye View of Amherst with the hipped roof intact. This section of North Pleasant Street was almost directly across the street from the Catholic Church. Many residents of McClellan and nearby streets were Irish laborers who belonged to the Catholic Church.

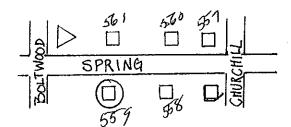
BIBLIOGRAPHY and/or REFERENCES

Maps 1886, 1873
Amherst Street Lists and Directories
J.L.S.C

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION 80 BOYLSTON STREET BOSTON, MA 02116

Photo (3"x3" or 3"x5", black and white) Indicate address of property on back of photo. Staple to left side of form.

Sketch Map: Draw map showing property's location in relation to nearest cross streets and/or geographical features. Indicate all buildings between inventoried property and nearest intersection(s). Indicate north



UTM_REFERENCE	
USGS QUADRANGLE	
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AREA	FORM	NO.
	559	

23
Town Amherst
Address & Spring Street
Historic Name T. Potwine House
·
Use: Present residence
Original residence
DESCRIPTION
Date <u>c. 1860</u>
Sourcevisual, map
StyleGreek Revival
Architect
Exterior Wall Fabricclapboard
Outbuildings
Major Alterations (with dates)
Condition good
Moved Date
Acreage less than 1
Settingresidential
The second secon
Pioneer Valley Recorded by Planning Commission
Organization Amherst Historical Commission
Date 6/88

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ARCHITECTURAL SIGNIFICANCE Describe important architectural features and evaluate in terms of other buildings within the community.

This front gabled, two story, three bay Greek Revival sidehall is typical of a large group of similar type found east of Amherst Center and along North Pleasant Street.

The closed pediment with arched window and three part transom and sidelights on this house are elements common to the style.

HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE Explain the role owners played in local or state history and how the building relates to the development of the community.

Spring Street appears on the map of 1873 for the first time. This house belonged to T. Potwin at that date. Some residents of Spring Street held the following occupations in 1895: bookkeeper, factory employee, assistant janitor and Amherst postmaster.

BIBLIOGRAPHY and/or REFERENCES

Map 1873, 1886 Amherst Street lists and directories MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION 80 BOYLSTON STREET BOSTON, MA 02116

Photo (3"x3" or 3"x5", black and white) Indicate address of property on back of photo. Staple to left side of form.

11.8

Sketch Map: Draw map showing property's location in relation to nearest cross streets and/or geographical features. Indicate all buildings between inventoried property and nearest intersection(s).

Indicate north

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		AREA	FC	RM NO.
	ļ		484	
Town	#13,	Amherst		
Addre	ss 🔊	- 000 Rail	lroad Str	eet
Histo:	ric Name	Train	Station	
üse:	Present.	vacant		
•	Original	depot		
DESCR	IPTION			
Date	-5d	c. 1853		
Source	e	Maps & N	lewspaper	S
Style		Italinat	:e	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Archi	tect			
Exter:	ior Wall I	abric Br	ick	
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Major	Alteration	ons (with	dates)	
		······································		
condi	zion	Fair		
Moved		Dat	:e	
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				Commission
	6/	88		

NATIONAL	REGISTER	CRITERIA	STATEMENT	(if	applicable)
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ARCHITECTURAL SIGNIFICANCE Describe important architectural features and evaluate in terms of other buildings within the community.

This small side-gabled Italinate passenger station features a symmetrical facade surmounted with a cupola. All windows are round topped, flanking doorways of similar proportions, except the ticket windows which are the only rectangular openings in the building. The depot was decidely designed for accessibility of passengers as well as a pleasing aesthetic contribution.

HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE Explain the role owners played in local or state history and how the building relates to the development of the community.

The Amherst-Belchertown rail line was opened for travel in 1853. The rail between Amherst and Northampton however, was not completed until 1887.

The local hat manufacturing was on the rail line, slightly to the south, providing efficient transport of materials and products as well as passenger service.

BIBLIOGRAPHY and/or REFERENCES

Maps 1854, 1860 J.L.S.C.

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston



4. Map. Draw sketch of building location in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings. Indicate north.

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DO NOT WRITE USGS Quadrant_	IN	THIS	SPACE
MHC Photo no.			

In Area no.	Form no.
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	492

	1
	1 Amherst
	ess 109 Main Street
	e Amherst Record Building
-	ent useOffice for Amherst Record
	and apartments
	ent owner Michael DeSherbinin
	ription:
,	Circa 1896 P.F. Norton "Amherst: A Guide burce to Its Architecture" - 1975
	Colonial Revival
Arch	itect
Exte	rior wall fabric Wooden clapboards
Outb	uildings (describe)
Othe	r features Palladian window above
door	way. Porch columns.
Alter	redDate
Move	odDate
Lot s	size:
One a	acre or less X Over one acre
	oximate frontage 100 feet
Appr	oximate distance of building from street
25	feet
	rded by A. Procopio
Orgai	Amherst Historical Commission
Date_	January, 1976

(over)

5.

6.

7.	Original owner (if known)_	Baxter and Jane Marsh					
	Original use	Home	-7-				
	Subsequent uses (if any) and	dates Home and professional office	*·····				
8.	Themes (check as many as	applicable)					
	Aboriginal Agricultural Architectural The Arts Commerce Communication Community development	Conservation Recreation Education Religion - Exploration/ Science/ settlement invention Industry Social/ Military humanitarian X Political Transportation					
9.	Historical significance (inc	ude explanation of themes checked above)					
	This is a well-maintained structure built the latter part of the 19th century with colonial influence as well as the influence of the existing era. It is located in a historical						

10. Bibliography and for references (such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records, early maps, etc.)

Norton, Paul F. " AMHERST: A Guide to Its Architecture" 1975 p.33

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION 80 BOYLSTON STREET BOSTON, MA 02116

Photo (3"x3" or 3"x5", black and white) Indicate address of property on back of photo. Staple to left side of form.

13.12

Sketch Map: Draw map showing property's location in relation to nearest cross streets and/or geographical features. Indicate all buildings between inventoried property and nearest intersection(s).

Indicate north

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UTM REFERENCE	
USGS QUADRANGLE	
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AREA		FORM	NO.
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Town	Amherst
	285 Main Street
nistoric nam	e
	t Apartment
Origin	al Apartment
DESCRIPTION	·
Date	c. 1900
	Visual & Maps
Style	Victorian Vernacular
Exterior Wal Outbuildings	1 Fabric Wooden Clapboards
Major Altera	tions (with dates)
Condition	Good
Moved	Date
Acreagė _{Les}	s than l acre
	idential/Mixed

	•
Recorded by	Pioneer Valley Planning
	Amherst Historical Commission
Date	6/88

NATIONAL REGISTER CRITERIA STATEMENT (if applicable)

ARCHITECTURAL SIGNIFICANCE Describe important architectural features and evaluate in terms of other buildings within the community.

This three story front gabled apartment building is one of the very few large apartments built about 1900-1920. Although constructed as a multi-tenant building it follows the standard vernacular single family form

Parce Catholica visito i recessi i registra

HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE Explain the role owners played in local or state history and how the building relates to the development of the community.

This lot, on the corner of Dickinson and Main Streets was the site of property owned by W. Hastings in 1873. In 1886 it appeared to be a modest two story gambrel house with single story gambrel wings. The present house built as apartments occupies that site.

BIBLIOGRAPHY and/or REFERENCES

Maps 1873, 1886

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston

In Area no.	Form -no.
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ラ (機) 、		. Town Amherst
AMA		Address 257 Mai
		Name
	ALC: ALC: ALC: ALC: ALC: ALC: ALC: ALC:	Present use Hom
		Present owner J.
into a series of the series of		. Description:
		DateCirca
		Source Regis
		Style Gothic Rev
	_	Architect
	arest cross streets and Indicate north.	Exterior wall fabri
» E		Outbuildings (descr

٠١٠	Town Amner st				
	Address_257 Main Street				
	NamePresent use Home				
	· ·				
	Present owner J. Edward and Beverly Sunder land				
	Description:				
	Date Circa 1860				
	Source Registry of Deeds				
	Style Gothic Revival				
	Architect -				
	Exterior wall fabric Shingles				
	Outbuildings (describe)				
	Other features				
	AlteredDate				
	MovedDate				
5.	Lot size:				
	One acre or less X Over one acre				
	Approximate frontage 162 feet				
	Approximate distance of building from street				
	20 feet				
6.	Recorded by A. Procopio				
	Amherst Historical Commission Organization				
	Data January 1976				

DO NOT WRITE USGS Quadrant_	IN	THIS	SPA	CE
MHC Photo no				

(over)

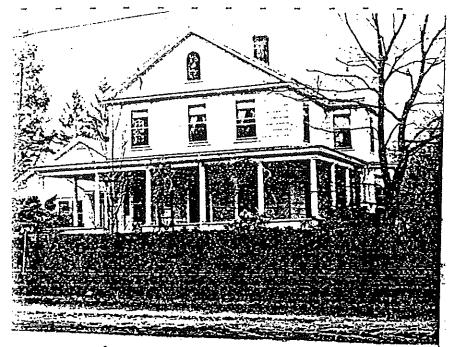
7. Original owner (if known)	Frank Kingman
Original use	Home
Subsequent uses (if any) and dates	5
8. Themes (check as many as applic	able)
Aboriginal Agricultural Architectural The Arts Commerce Communication Community development 9. Historical significance (include ex	Conservation Recreation Education Religion Exploration/ Science/ settlement invention Industry Social/ Military humanitarian Political Transportation
This is a well-maintai	ned structure built the middle of the resting gothic details over the third
It is located in a his the street from the "E	torical 19th century area and across mily Dickinson" home.
-	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
10. Bibliography and for references (searly maps, etc.)	such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records,
Registry of Deeds	
Map of Amherst 1879	

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston

In Area no.	Form no.
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Amherst

Town



in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings. Indicate north.

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First Conore Churci	CATINAL TO A TO	R H. MATHER STATE		

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	Address 229 Main Street			
}	Name Richard H. Mather House			
	Present use Home			
	Addition used as doctor; s office			
5	Present owner Mrs. F. William Cranda:			
2	Description:			
	Date Circa 1862			
	Source Registry of Deeds			
٠ ٠	Style Greek Revival			
	Architect			
	Exterior wall fabric Asbestos shingles			
	Outbuildings (describe) Concrete garage			
	Other features Addition to left of			
	house used as a professional office			
	Built circa 1945			
	Altered Date			
•	MovedDate			
5.	Lot size:			
	One acre or less X Over one acre			
	Approximate frontage 142 feet			
	Approximate distance of building from street			
	20 feet			
6.	Recorded by A. Procopio			
	Organization Historical Commission			

(over)

Date January, 1976

7.	Original owner (if known) Professor Richard Mather
	Original use Home
	Subsequent uses (if any) and dates Home and addition used as doctor's office since the 1940s. Themes (check as many as applicable)
	Aboriginal X Conservation Recreation Agricultural Education X Religion Architectural Exploration/ Science/ The Arts settlement invention Commerce Industry Social/ Communication Military humanitarian Community development X Political Transportation
9.	Historical significance (include explanation of themes checked above) House built by a professor of Amherst College. Located in a
	historic district across from the Emily Dickinson house.

10. Bibliography and/or references (such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records, early maps, etc.)

Registry of Deeds.

Town of Amherst map 1879.

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston

In Area no.	Form no.
H	109

2. Photo (3x3" or 3x5") Staple to left side of form Photo number

4. Map. Draw sketch of building location in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings. Indicate north.

F	MAIN STREET FIRST CONGREGATIONAL	
		in T
	bre yes	S
	Spring Street	

DO NOT WRITE USGS Quadrant_	IN	THIS	SPACE
MHC Photo no			

1.	Town Amherst					
	Address 165 Main Street					
	Name First Congregational Church					
	Present use Church					
	Present owner First Congregational Church of Amherst					
3.	Description:					
	Date_1867					
	Source corner stone					
	Style Gothic					
	Architect George Hathorne					
-	Exterior wall fabric Monson granite stone					
	Outbuildings (describe)					
	Other features Wing added on south					
	side (attached to church).					
	AlteredDate					
	MovedDate					
5.	Lot size:					
	One acre or less Over one acre X					
	Approximate frontage 255 feet					
	Approximate distance of building from street 75 feet					
6.	Recorded by A. Procopio					
•	Organizationherst Historical Commission					

(over)

5.

6.

 $_{\mathrm{Date}}$ June, 1973

7.	Original owner (if known)	Firs	t Congregati.	onal Ch	urch		
	Original use Church						
	Subsequent uses (if any) an	d dates_					
8.	Themes (check as many as	applical	ole)				
	Aboriginal Agricultural Architectural The Arts Commerce Communication Community development	X X ——————————————————————————————————	Conservation Education Exploration/ settlement Industry Military Political		Recreation Religion Science/ invention Social/ humanitarian Transportation	X	

9. Historical significance (include explanation of themes checked above)

This church, built with Monson granite which was brought from a quarry in Pelham, Mass., represents typical 19th century modified gothic architecture. It is the only church of this style in the Amherst community. The First Congregational Church was founded in 1735 and was the first church in the community. The church built three other structures in the years 1752, 1788 and 1827. The three were located on the hill where Amherst College is located. The latter building is the only one standing on the Amherst College campus.

In 1867 the main street lot was purchased and the corner stone was laid September 21, 1867.

This building represents the history of religion in the community from the beginning. Its members were responsible for the organization of Amherst Academy, Amherst College and the Massachusetts Agricultural College, now the University of Massachusetts.

10. Bibliography and/or references (such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records, early maps, etc.)

Carpenter and Morehouse "History of Amherst, Mass. 1731-1896"
Allen, Mary Adele "Around A Village Green" 1939
Sodoroff, Marcia "the First Congregational Church" December 1972 unpublished Young, Judith "The First Congregational Church" January 1962 Unpublished

V,		•	
(Attach photo here)			
FORM B - BUILDING SURVEY			
MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION 2. Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston	Town Amherst	165 Main St	reat
1. Is this building historically significant to: (Town) Commonwealth Nation	Street address		
Building has historical connection with the following themes: (see also reverse side)	Use: original & p		
Scholar Commerce/industry Agriculture Science/invention			<u>egational Chu</u> r
Art/Soulpture Travel/communication Education Military Affairs Government Religion/philosophy Literature Indians	Date 1867	V510	
Literature Indians Music Other Development of town/city	Source of date <u>Georg</u>	*	
Architectural reason for inventorying:	and steel steel had been some steel short steel	to the test the test that the test to	कारे पेनले किया किया किया किया किया किया किया है। '
WALL COVER: WoodBr	Marine Comment	***	f.
ROOF: (Ridge) Gambrel Flat Hip Mansard Tower Cupola Dormer windows Balustrad	e Grillwork		<u></u>
CHIMNEYS: 1 2 3 4 Center End Interi	0	Cluster Elab	rea
TORIES: 1 2 3 4 ATTACHMENTS: Wings	Ell Shed _Sund	lay School	rooms -low
ORCHES: (1) 2 3 4	PORTICO	Ba	lcony
ACADE: Gable end: Front(side) Ornament	•		
Entrance: Side (Front:) Center/Side Details:	nint section	. , , , , , , , ,	
Windows: Spacing: Regular Irregular Identical Va	aried Stat	ned glo	155
Corners: Plain Pilasters Quoins Cornerboards	gan est jed alla gan kila est jed kila alla jed kil	the part has the term in	at 1999 East (sa) (cd) (cd) (cd) (cd)
earest cross streets and other buildings	Footage of structure Property has 25.	re from street 5feet frontag	ge on street
Re Charles Et.	corder A. P. Amberst Hi	rocopio stocial Com	mission

SEE REVERSE SIDE

RELATION OF SURROUNDING TO STRUCTURE 1. Outbuildings_____ 2. Landscape Features: Agriculture Open Wooded Garden: Formal/Informal Predominant features_____ Landscape architect 3. Neighboring Structures Style: Colonial Federal Greek Revival Gothic Revival Italian Villa Lombard Rom. Venetian Gothic Mansard Richardsonian Modern Use: (Residential Commercial Religious Conditions: Excellent Good Fair Deteriorated GIVE A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF HISTORIC IMPORTANCE OF SITE (Refer and elaborate on theme circled on front of form) This church, built with Monson granite which was brought from a quarry in Pelham, Mass., represents typical 19th century modified gothic architecture. It is the only church of this style in the Amherst Community. The First Congregational Church was founded in 1735 and was the first church in the community. The church built three other structures in the years 1752, 1788 and 1827. The three were located on the hill where Amherst College is located. The latter building is the only one standing on the Amherst College campus. In 1867 the main streetlot was purchased and the corner stone was laid September 21, 1867. This building represents the history of religion in the community from the beginning. Its members were responsible for the organization of Amherst Academy, Amherst College and the Massachusetts Agricultural College, now the University of Massachusetts. BIBLIOGRAPHY AND/OR REFERENCE Carpenter and Morehouse "History of Amherst, Mass." 1731-1896 Allen, Mary Adele "Around A Village Green" 1939 Sodoroff, Marcia "The First Congregational Church" Dec. 1972 Young, Judith "The First Congregational Church" Jan. 1962

RESTRICTIONS_____

Original Owner:

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston

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4. Map. Draw sketch of building location in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings. Indicate north.

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DO NOT USGS Qu		IN	THIS	SPACE	····
MHC Ph	oto no				-

In Area no.	Form no.
.	110

1.	Town Amherst							
	Address 17 See ve Street							
	First Congregational Church							
	Present use home for minister							
	Present owner First Congregational Chur							
3.	Description:							
	Date 1867 "Around A Village Green"							
	Source by M. A. Allen 1939							
	Style Gothic Revival							
	Architect George Hathorne							
	Exterior wall fabric Shingles							
	Outbuildings (describe)							
	Other features							
	AlteredDate							
	MovedDate							
5.	Lot size:							
	One acre or less Over one acre X							
	Approximate frontage 350 feet -church property							
	Approximate distance of building from street							
	25 feet							
6.	Recorded by A. Procopio							
	Organization Amherst Historical Comm.							
	Date June, 1973							

(over)

7.	Original owner (if known) First Congregational Church of Amherst	
	Original use Home for minister	₹.n
	Subsequent uses (if any) and dates	
8.	Themes (check as many as applicable)	
	Aboriginal X Conservation Recreation Agricultural Education Religion X Architectural X Exploration/ Science/ The Arts settlement invention Commerce Industry Social/ Communication Military humanitarian Community development Political Transportation	
9.	Historical significance (include explanation of themes checked above)	
	The parsonage of the First Congregational Church is built on the east side of the church property. The parsonage is located on Seelye Street about twenty feet to the southeast of the church. The church faces Main Street on the north side of the property. The west side of the property is on Churchill Street and the south side of the church property borders on Spring Street.	
	The architecture of the house blends in well with the architecture the church.	of
0.	Bibliography and/or references (such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records, early maps, etc.)	
	Carpenter and Morehouse "History of Amherst, Mass." 1731-1896 Allen, Mary Adele "Around A Village Green" 1939	

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston

In Area no,	Form no.
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4. Map. Draw sketch of building location in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings. Indicate north.

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	Masonic Temple	Amubast Rocump		Ę

DO NOT WRIT USGS Quadrant	THIS	SPACE
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11.	Town Amherst					
ĺ	Address 99 Main Street					
	NameAmherst Masonic Temple					
	Present use Meeting Hall for Lodge					
	Present owner Ancient Free and Accepted Masons of Pacific Lodge of Amherst Description: Date 1910 Springfield Sunday Republican May 21, 1910 Style Colonial, Federal and Georgian Architect William B. Reid, Holyoke Exterior wall fabric Brick Outbuildings (describe) Other features					
	AlteredDate					
	Moved Date					
5.	Lot size:					
	One acre or less X Over one acre					
	Approximate frontage 64 feet					
	Approximate distance of building from street					
	50 feet					
6.	Recorded by A. Procopio					
	Amherst Historical Commission Organization					

June 1973

(over)

Date

	···
7.	Original owner (if known) Ancient Free and Acdepted Masons of Pacific Lodge
	of Amherst, Mass.
	Original use Meeting hall for lodge
	Subsequent uses (if any) and dates
8.	Themes (check as many as applicable)
	Aboriginal X Conservation Recreation Agricultural Education Religion Architectural X Exploration/ Science/ The Arts settlement invention Commerce Industry Social/ Communication Military humanitarian Community development X Political Transportation
9.	Historical significance (include explanation of themes checked above) The Pacific Lodge of Amherst is one of the older organizations in Amherst. The Lodge was granted a charter June 8, 1801.
	This building represents typical architecture of the early 20th century. It is the only building of this type in Amherst. Architectural influences of colonial, middle and late Georgian and, with the use of bricks, federal are represented in this building.
•	

10. Bibliography and/or references (such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records,

Springfield Sunday Repiblican - May 21, 1910 Amherst Masonic Temple - Thomas Grime 1972.

early maps, etc.)

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MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston



4. Map. Draw sketch of building location in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings. Indicate north.

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	MAIN ST.	

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	In Arna no. Form no.					
	494					
1.	Town AmhersT,					
Address 81 Lessey STA						
	Phi Gamma Delta					
Present use Fraternit						
	Present owner Amhers T (allege Trusteds					
3.	Description: TrusTeOS					
	Date Circa 1835 Robert Cutler					
	Source AMHERST - A Guide To =					
	Style CREEK REVIVAL					
	Architect 1929 - Karl S. Puthan					
	Exterior wall fabric Brick and for wood Outbuildings (describe)					
	Other features Pontico in					
	Doric Order					
	Altered Date 1882 4 19 29					
	MovedDate					
5.	Lot size:					
	Less than one acreOver one acreX					
	Approximate frontage 560 /t.					
	Approximate distance of building from street					
	+0ft.					
6.	Recorded by					
	Organization Amhers 7 His Torical Con					
	Date Wur emher, 1975					

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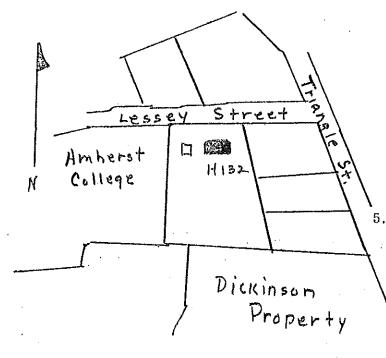
7.	Original owner (if known) Mr. Luke Sweetser-
•	Original use Farnily Home
	Subsequent uses (if any) and dates 1882 - Ock Grave School 1912 Phi Gamma
8.	Themes icheck as many as applicable) De 17 a. Fra 7 ernity - amherst college
	Aboriginal Conservation Recreation Agricultural Education Religion Architectural Exploration/ Science/ The Arts settlement invention Commerce Industry Social/ Communication Military Humanitarian Community development Political Transportation
9.	Historical Significance (include explanation of themes checked above)
	House built circa 1835 by Robert Cutler builder Ot
	Homberst for Luke Sweetser- Selectman Of
	Amherst in 1833 - Representative to the
	General Court (1847-40) - first President of
	The Amherst - Belchen Town Ruilroad (1851) and
	un Prudential Committee of Amherst (Men
	The less the house was con-
	school operated by miss
	de later miss Emmi
	Phi Gamma Delta Fraternity of Amherst
	Thi Gamma Delta Fraternity of Amherst College: Jourchased property in 1903_ now
	property of Amherst College Trustens
10.	Bibliography and/or references (such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records, early maps, etc.)
	Amherst College Records - Town Of Amherst
	Amherst College Records - Town Or Amherst Assessor's Records - "Amherst - A Guide To
	IT's Architecture; ticul Norton, 1975.

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston

In Area no.	Form no.
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4. Map. Draw sketch of building location in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings. Indicate north.



DO NOT USGS Qua	WRITE adrant_	IN	THIS	SPA	CE
MHC Pho	oto no				

Town Amnerst
Address 85 Lessey Street
Present use Home
Present owner <u>Dr. and Mrs. Daniel P.</u> Schwartz
Description:
Date 1959
Source Registry of Deeds Northampton, Mass.
StyleRanch
Architect
Exterior wall fabric_Stone
Outbuildings (describe) Barn
Other features <u>F11</u> on front with A roof. Random stone is used for siding.
AlteredDate
Moved Date
Lot size:
Less than one acre Over one acrex
Approximate frontage 160 feet
Approximate distance of building from street
25 ft.
Recorded by A. Procopio

September, 1976

H 132

Original use	Home and real estate office	
Subsequent uses (if any) and	l dates	,
3. Themes (check as many as	applicable)	
Aboriginal Agricultural Architectural The Arts Commerce Communication Community development	Conservation Recreation Education Religion Exploration/ Science/ settlement invention Industry Social/ Military Humanitarian Political Transportation	
. Historical Significance (incl	ude explanation of themes checked above)	··-

subdivision established in 1903.

A house was built on this land in the early part of the twentieth century. The garage-barn which is standing was apart of the original estate.

This house is within a historic district originally called Center Amherst.

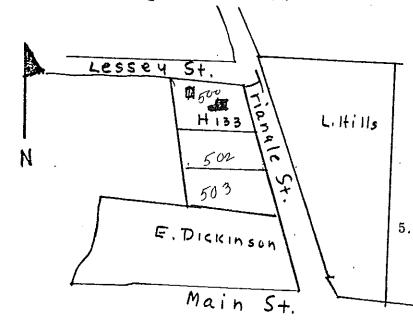
10. Bibliography and/or references (such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records, early maps, etc.)

Registry of Deeds, Northampton, Mass.

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston



4. Map. Draw sketch of building location in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings. Indicate north.



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1/200)	In Area no.	Form no.
V.	H	133

1	. Town Amherst 500
	Address 36 Triangle Street
	Present use Residence
	Present owner Mr. and Mrs. Carlton Bro
3	. Description:
	Date 1903
	Source Registry of Deeds, Northamp
	Style Jacobethan Revival influence
	Architect
	Exterior wall fabric Asbestos shingles
	Outbuildings (describe) Garage
•	Other features Front porch. Bay window in middle of north side
	Altered Addition Date ca.1955
	Moved Date
ō.	Lot size:
	Less than one acre X Over one acre
	Approximate frontage 95 feet
	Approximate distance of building from street
	35 feet
}.	Recorded by A. Procopio
	Organization Historical Commission
	Date September, 1976

(over)

6.

7.	Original owner (if known)	David Elder		
	Original use	Residence		
	Subsequent uses (if any) and dates	3		
8.	Themes (check as many as applic	able)		
	Aboriginal x Agricultural Architectural The Arts Commerce Communication Community development x Historical Significance (include ex	Conservation Education Exploration/ settlement Industry Military Political cplanation of themes check	Recreation Religion Science/ invention Social/ Humanitarian Transportation eked above)	
	Built by David B. Elder wh	no was a co-owner o	f Elder Lumber	Co.
	This is located on lot num J. Howard Sweetser which w	nber seven of subdi vas established in	vision plan of 1903.	

10. Bibliography and/or references (such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records, early maps, etc.)

Registry of Deeds, Northampton, Mass.

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston



In Area no.	Form no.
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4. Map. Draw sketch of building location in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings. Indicate north.

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	503	
N E	Dickinson	\
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MHC Photo	no				

500
. Town Amherst
Address 28 Triangle Street
Present use Residence
Present owner Mr. and Mrs. Elbridge
Dunbar
Description:
Date 1930
Source Registry of Deeds, Northampton
Style Modified shingle style
Architect
Exterior wall fabric Shingles painted brown
Outbuildings (describe) Garage
Other features 'A' roof introduced over entrance with small windows on each side of door.
Room added to Altered south Date ca. 1950
Moved Date
Lot size:
Less than one acre X Over one acre
Approximate frontage 90 feet
Approximate distance of building from street
35 feet
Recorded by A. Procopio Amherst Historical Commission Organization
Amherst Historical Commission Organization

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Date September, 1976

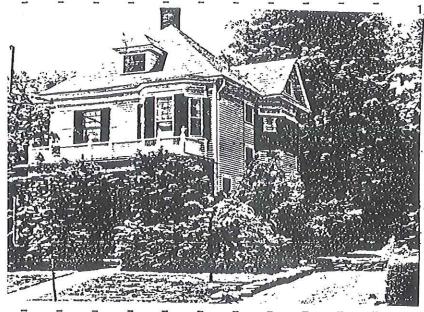
H 134

7.	Original owner (if known)	Thomas Dillon		
	Original use	Home		
	Subsequent uses (if any) and dates			
8.	Themes (check as many as applic	able)		
	Aboriginal Agricultural Architectural The Arts Commerce Communication Community development x	Conservation Education Exploration/ settlement Industry Military Political	Recreation Religion Science/ invention Social/ Humanitarian Transportation	
9.	Historical Significance (include ex	planation of themes chec	ked above)	
	This is lot number eight established in 1903.	of J. Howard Sweetz	er subdivision	plan

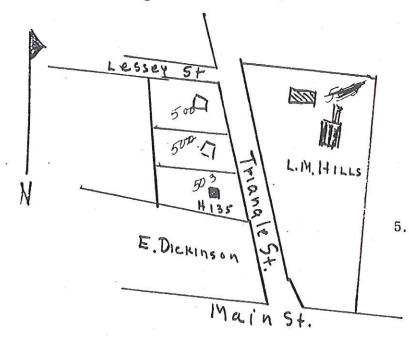
10. Bibliography and/or references (such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records, early maps, etc.)

Registry of Deeds, Northampton, Mass.

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston



4. Map. Draw sketch of building location in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings. Indicate north.



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MHC Photo no.			



In Area no. Form no. 135

1.	. Town Amherst
	Address 20 Triangle Street
	Present use Home
	Present owner Mr. and Mrs. John Martin Description: Date_circa 1903 Source_Registry of Deeds Northampton Cowen Ann
	Style Jacobethan Revival influence Architect
	Exterior wall fabric Clapboards Outbuildings (describe)
	Other features Front porch and balcony. Balcony rail has decorated urn shaped posts. Bay window in front on second floor and bay window on north side. Colored glass window in hall window on north side. Altered Date
	MovedDate
5.	Lot size:
	Less than one acre Over one acre
	Approximate frontage 101.7 feet
	Approximate distance of building from street
	35 feet
6.	Recorded by A. Procopio Amherst Historical Commission Organization
	Date September, 1976

(over)

7.	Original owner (if known)	B. H. Williams	
	Original use 1	Home	
	Subsequent uses (if any) and dat	es	
8.	Themes (check as many as appl	icable)	
	Aboriginal Agricultural Architectural The Arts Commerce Communication Community development X	Conservation Recreation Education Religion Exploration/ Science/ settlement invention Industry Social/ Military Humani Political Transport	on
9.	Historical Significance (include	explanation of themes checked above)	
	This was Lot #9 in plants	n of J. Harold Sweetser subd	ivision in

10. Bibliography and/or references (such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records, early maps, etc.)

Registry of Deeds, Northampton, Mass.

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston

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4. Map. Draw sketch of building location in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings. Indicate north.

AUSTIN DICKINSON HOME	TRANS-RE	Ñ
	EMILY DICKINSON HOME	1
	MAIN STREET	DICKINSON
	T WRITE IN THIS SPACE	5

In Area no.	Form no.
H	105

1.	Town Amherst
	Address 280 Main Street
	Name Emily Dickinson House
	Present use Home
	Present owner Amherst College
3.	Description:
	Date 1813
	Source Emily Dickinson pamphlet
	Style Greek Revival and Federal
	Architect
	Exterior wall fabric Brick
	Outbuildings (describe) Garage - Wood
	Garage - wood _
•	
•	Other features
-	Other features
-	Other features
-	Other features
5.	Altered
5.	Altered Date Moved Date
5.	Altered Date Moved Date Lot size:
5.	Altered Date Moved Date Lot size: One acre or less Over one acre X
5.	Altered Date Moved Date Lot size: One acre or less Over one acre Approximate frontage 479 feet
	Altered
	Altered

(over)

MHC Photo no.

7.	Original owner (if known) Samuel Fowler Dickinson	
	Original use Home	
	Subsequent uses (if any) and dates	
8.	Themes (check as many as applicable)	
	Aboriginal X Conservation Recreation Agricultural Education Religion Architectural X Exploration/ Science/ The Arts X settlement invention Commerce Industry Social/ Communication Military humanitarian Community development X Political Transportation	
9.	Historical significance (include explanation of themes checked above)	
	The Emily Dickinson house was designated as a national historic in 1963.	site
	This house is important to the town, state and nation as it was birthplace of the poet, Emily Dickinson, and her home from 1855 her death in 1886.	
	The house was originally built by Samuel F. Dickinson in 1813. the first brick house in the center of Amherst. Samuel F. Dickingrandfather of Emily Dickinson, was one of the founders of Amher College. Edward Dickinson, Emily's father, was a lawyer, treasured for a term a member of Congress.	inson, est urer
	The Dickinson family owned the house until 1915 when it was sold Rev. and Mrs. Hervey Parke. Mr. Parke was then rector of the Graphiscopal Church in Amherst. Amherst College bought the home in	ace
,		
0.	Bibliography and/or references (such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records, early maps, etc.)	
	The Emily Dickinson House-Amherst, Mass., 1972 Carpenter & Morehouse "History of the Town of Amherst, Mass. 173	B1-1896.

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston

In Area no.	Form no,
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4. Map. Draw sketch of building location in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings. Indicate north.

AUSTIN DICKINSIN HOUSE	DICILIUSON HOUSE	ķ
SEELVE ST.	MAIN STREET	DICKINSON ST.
DO NOT USGS Qua		ST.

1	. Town Amherst
	Address 214 Main Street
	Name_Evergreens
	Present use Home
	Present owner Mrs. Mary L. Hampson
3.	Description:
	Date_1856
	Emily Dickinson House Source pamphlet
	Style <u>Italian Villa and Colonia</u>
	Architect
	Exterior wall fabricwood - plain
	Outbuildings (describe)
	Other features lot of land contains
	some beautiful large trees.
	Landscape Architect was Frederick L. Olmstead.
	Altered Date
	MovedDate
5.	Lot size:
	One acre or less Over one acre x
	Approximate frontage 420 feet
	Approximate distance of building from street
	50 feet
6.	Recorded by A. Procopio Amherst Historical Commission Organization
	Date June, 1973

	7.	Original owner (if known) Austin Dickinson (brother of Emily Dickinson)
•		Original use Home
		Subsequent uses (if any) and dates
•	8.	Themes (check as many as applicable)
		Aboriginal Conservation Recreation Agricultural Education Religion Architectural X Exploration/ Science/ The Arts. X settlement invention Commerce Industry Social/ Communication Military humanitarian Community development Political Transportation
	9 .	Historical significance (include explanation of themes checked above) This is the home of Emily Dickinson's brother, Austin, and niece Madame Martha Gilbert Dickinson Bianchi, an author and collector of Emily Dickinson poems and biographer of Emily Dickinson.
		The importance of this house is that it is a part of the Emily Dickinson complex.
		The home was built by Emily Dickinson's father, Edward, for his son, Austin, in 1856 when Austin was married. Austin Dickinson lived in this home his married life. He was the treasurer of Amherst College for over 20 years.
-		His daughter, Martha Gilbert Dickinson Bianchi, owned the home following her parents death and used it as her home part of her life. Martha Dickinson Bianchi was the beloved niece who collected and published Emily Dickinson's poems; wrote Emily Dickinson's biography as well as six novels and four volumne of verse.
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		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
10) . :	Bibliography and/or references (such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records, early maps, etc.)

Jones Library - Martha Gilbert Dickinson Bianchi - pamphlet The Emily Dickinson House-Amherst, Mass. 1972 Carpenter and Morehouse "History of the Town of Amherst, Mass., 1731-1896.

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11.	IMAGES—CHARACTER OF DISTRICT		
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